

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A PIRSTIN COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
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WASHINGTON

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Do you want visible results?
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VOL. XVIII.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1900

NO. 44.



HON. HENRY DEMAS.
A noted Southern politician is dead.



PROF. N. E. WEATHERLESS.
The eloquent and fearless advocate of
our public school system. See speech
before the Senate Committee.



THEY SAY

Mr. John B. Wight will have a better opinion of the Negro, Irish and Italians before he dies.

He never was a republican but was made Commissioner by accident.

The people of this city want a change in the District Commissionership.

When Rayburn and Lee get through with their contest they will no doubt be wiser than they were before the election.

There was too much rain for the Baptist preacher.

The flim flam leader of Ivy City will not secure that plum at the Capital.

Othello's occupation has gone.

Yes it has gone never to return again.

It is the defeated man who makes the kick.

In union there is strength, but in a broken neck there is pain.

Defeat in politics is worse to some people than

The Baptist people didn't want Rev. Lee.

They paid him with some coin and he paid Rev. Water Brooks.

Rev. Lee said on that occasion "a minister who entered politics should be removed."

Why doesn't Rev. Lee resign and save his congregation the trouble of removing him.

It would save the President of embarrassment if Mr. John B. Wight were to resign.

The letter signed a Woman in the Post, in a few days will be ventilated. The Bee will tell the public what it is and where it came from.

It is sometimes best to keep quiet and then one's faults are not exposed.

This alleged woman will no doubt be able to stand the calcium light.

Think well of those who speak well of you.

Recorder Cheatham is a whole soul man.

He may have his faults, but they are not vicious.

There will be a jubilee when John B. Wight is removed.

The Bee is the people's choice.

It takes the lead in journalism.

It is so if you see it in The Bee.

Look out for a semi-weekly Bee.

It will be a daisy and a gem.

The Bee is the people's paper.

Do your duty notwithstanding what other people say.

There are people who talk too much.

He is the right man in the right place.

Ivy city went for Chase and Jones.

Defeated candidates always make a kick.

The democratic party has a great deal to learn.

If you want a live paper read THE BEE.

All this world is a stage and the people are merely the players.

If you know a thing keep it to yourself.

President McKinley will be the next President.

We often go to those for help we have abused.

Always treat your neighbor right and then you will never regret it.

The world is in a commotion and it is doubtful what the result will be.

Don't forget what you say to your friend because when he meets you, you may tell him something else.

John F. Cook will have to do something better than he is doing if he wants votes.

Going among the bishops will not aid him in the least.

You never see your mistakes until it is too late.

SALT LAKE.

It is Gradually Disappearing Through Several Causes.

The popular outing and picnic grounds of Salt Lake City is the Great Salt Lake. Thither they start Saturday afternoons, in fine weather, which is the rule here—every Saturday in droves. But what if Salt Lake should disappear? Already the lake, through evaporation and other causes, is greatly reduced in size, and this, too, with in the memory of men still living. What effect the ultimate disappearance of this body of water will have upon the wonderfully rich and fertile valley which the original Mormon emigrants pre-empted, settled and made to blossom as the rose, it is too soon to prophesy, but its gradual disappearance is regarded with forebodings and dismal apprehensions by landholders in that neighborhood. To one who has never bathed in its waters the first experience is unique. At Garfield Beach, where you can make a dive or jump from a considerable height, you naturally, if you have not been forewarned, expect to enter the water all over, but in the Great Salt Lake, so brackish is it, that it is all but impossible to go in over your head, or, if diving, over your feet. When you first strike the water you have the feeling of having landed head on against a pneumatic cushion, for the further in you go the greater becomes the force opposing your entrance. Not the least wonderful thing in connection with this lake is its altitude, lying as it does 4,200 feet above sea level.

Compared to the waters of the Dead Sea, those of Salt Lake are comparatively fresh. All water carries a percentage of salt, and in both the cases of the Dead Sea and the Great Salt Lake there is no outlet to the lakes—and they maintain their levels through evaporation. Through the countless centuries during which they have existed this salt, since it does not evaporate, has accumulated until these bodies of water have attained their present brackish condition.

Bathing in the Dead Sea is really fearful. In the first place, you are so buoyed up by the water as to literally lie on its surface, and after a bath in it you are almost as sticky as you would have been had you taken a plunge into a hoghead of molasses—a state you must endure for some time, as fresh water does not lie near it. It is only to be able to say afterward that you have bathed in the waters of the Dead Sea that induces you to take that nauseous plunge. The Dead Sea, as you look from its borders, is seemingly surrounded by lofty hills, but when once you reach their summit and your eye again roves over the level stretches of plain, you come to a realization of the fact that the sea lies below the crust or surface of the earth, and what you had taken for hills were simply the sides of the indentation or cup in which it is sunk. But even Salt Lake bathing is an experience as delightful as it is novel. It is impossible to drown in its briny waters.

CAPE NOME.

Immense Yield of the Gold Fields There Not Exaggerated.

R. T. Lynz, of St. Michael's, Alaska, is at present stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria, and when seen there said:

"No; Nome is not a figment of the imagination, nor are the reports from there exaggerated. Last year the beach sands yielded \$1,500,000, and the creek mines \$2,500,000, and my partners own the Eskimo claim on the beach in front of Nome City, and have just received the report of the assayer at San Francisco, to whom I sent some of the sand for analysis. The report shows the presence of 3.02 ounces of gold and 0.98 ounces of silver, worth \$62.99 to the ton. This is, of course, exceptionally rich. The sand is covered over with tundra, a species of moss.

"While so far the creek claims have yielded the greater quantity, within five years I believe the beach claims will produce the most gold, for the reason that, while it is not nearly as rich ground to work, there is a great deal more of it. In some places the beach sands are very richly impregnated with gold. Indeed, I have known it to run as high as \$100 a rocker, and the 2,000 men who were at work on the beach last year certainly averaged \$20 a day each. Cape Nome lies on the peninsula that terminates in Oonahaska, and for hundreds of miles the lay of the land there is the same. We do not as yet know how much of this great coast line is gold bearing, but personally I think a large part of it is. The prospectors will let us know next year.

"I see Wright, who is Postmaster at Nome City, has stated that the lawless element was so much in evidence there that the peaceably inclined needed governmental protection. That is all rot. There is, of course, as in every new mining camp, a lot of scoundrels who occasionally make trouble, but the majority of the population are miners who are strictly honest.

"Last year lumber sold at Cape Nome as high as \$200 a thousand feet, which had originally cost not over \$15 a thousand, so you can see that money is to be made there in other ways than by mining."—N. Y. Tribune.

What Ailed the Dog.

Marjorie was spending the night away from home. As evening drew near the little maid struggled bravely against the feeling of homesickness that oppressed her. She was diverted, however, by the dismal howling of old Fido.

"What can be the matter with that dog?" some one exclaimed.

Marjorie looked sympathetic.

"I suspect he wants to see his mamma," she said thoughtfully.

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The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment Washington.

N. E. Cor. 7th and I Streets, N. W.

Chas. E. Spielfer

Manufacturer of Plain and Ornamental

IRON RAILING

Iron Porches, Window Guards, Grills, Balconies, Gratings, Cellular Doors, Etc., of Every Description.

Builders' Work A Specialty.

All work Firstclass.

Shop in Rear of 1344 H Street, N. E.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. You will then get a sewing machine that is noted for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), in other words it is New Standard (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA. FOR SALE BY

S. OPPENHEIMER & BROS.

514 Ninth St., N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

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DEALERS IN

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Beef and Beef Tongues.

"Dove Brand" Hams a Specialty.

451, 452 and 453 Center Market.

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Hams, Bacon, Lard.

DRIED AND CHIPPED BEEF,

COOKED HAMS, TONGUES

BRANCHES:

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Residence, 123 M St. S. W.

James F. OYSTER

Dealer In

BUTTER; EGGS

AND

CHEESE.

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Specialist in Rheumatism and all Chronic diseases. Consultation free.

Charges low.

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OF

BAILEYS

IMPROVED TRUSS.

It adjusts itself so perfectly to the rupture that it is impossible for it to become displaced.

It permits the utmost freedom of motion with perfect safety.

All uncomfortable and injurious steel spring pressure is avoided.

The pad is held in place by woven bands, which retain an equal pressure in all positions of the body.

It can be worn in bed, a great desideratum to the young as tending to a perfect cure.

It is the only suitable truss for children and females.

The proper amount of pressure can be brought to bear and maintained in any position without pinching or harm to the wearer.

It will, sure hernia if placed on the patient sufficiently early.

Excepting umbilical, it is the best truss ever offered for all kinds of hernia.

It is so perfect and comfortable in its adjustment that the patient in a short time forgets he is wearing it. (See the certificate of Mr. Daniel Johnson.)

Sent postage paid to any address on receipt of price; \$3 for single and \$4 for double truss.

In ordering, give location of hernia, right or left side, and measurement.

Satisfaction given—money refunded when the truss is returned in good order. Address:

L. C. Bailey.

Room 15, 609 F St., N. W.

or 2921 M St., N. W. Wash., D. C.

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Northwest.

George & Co., 908 7th street, northwest, is where you will find the best goods. Take your boys there and say THE BEE sent you. Mr. George is an affable and just man to the people.

THE MASTER OF VIBRATION

Work and Ways of A Most Peculiar Man.

HE EARNS A BIG INCOME

The Golden Profession of "Great I Am"

Gathering in Coin in a Rocky Mountain City—He Claims to Do Miracles and Has Many Patrons.

The "Rev." Thomas J. Shelton, the "Great I Am," the "Christian Healer" and master of "Vibration," has turned up in Denver, Colorado, and is earning money at his trade.

He had not been heard from since he left Little Rock, Ark., several years ago. Now, as confident and buoyant as ever, says the New York World, he is gathering in the coin in the Rocky Mountain city.

In 1887 Shelton appeared in Little Rock, Ark., as a Christian minister. His church was a ramshackle shed and the congregation few in numbers. He started a revival on remarkable lines, and inside of a year had a fine stone edifice and a fashionable building. Then dissension arose. It was said he drank.

"I do," he acknowledged calmly. "I am a dipsomaniac. I can't help it."

Instead of losing his pulpit, the elders placed a jug in the vestry of the church, where he could take a drink before and after services. One day he appeared in the pulpit incoherent. That split up the church, but many stuck to him. Then once he acknowledged in a sermon that he loved another man's wife. Such was his individuality that he was forgiven. After that he started his "vibration" scheme and began to publish The Christian.

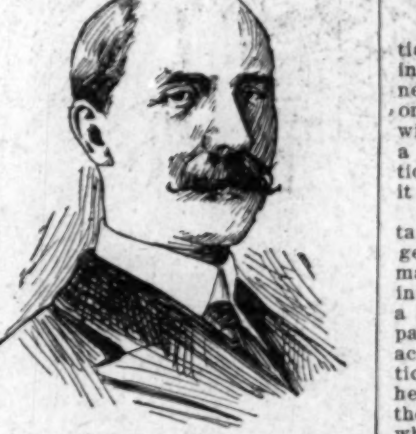
Shelton's theory, as he claims, is: That from his ego, or inner self, for the small sum of \$1, he will send out a vibration for you that will enable you to do anything—make a hit in Wall street, cure any disease, cure a dog of the mange, bring back false lovers, make hens lay, or do anything else imaginable. Incidentally, he makes about \$50,000 a year out of his trades.

As he expresses it: "God is a universal principle. I am the person of that principle. Each individual is the person of the individual principle, and his power consists in the recognition of his personality. As long as you believe God is a person outside of yourself you are dependent on this other person. When you recognize that you are the person of this individual you become independent. The 'I Am' is the personal name of the Deity. The God, the universal principle, is not named Jesus or Josh, but the 'I Am' that I Am."

"I believe that individually I am associated with all the power that there is in the world. If the 'I Am' should suddenly cease to use me as a means to work through, it would make no difference to me. I have plenty of money to live on, and I have just invested \$10,000 in a mine. If it were not that I have this work of the 'I Am' to carry on, I would be just a plain, bald-headed great-bug Republican."

"I am the most practical of men. There is nothing of the crank about me. I believe the almighty dollar is the shadow of Almighty God. When I brought my paper, the Christian, to Denver, and asked for bids from printers for getting it out, I took the lowest bidder."

"It is not to women alone, but to men as well. I have many men



(Thomas J. Shelton.)

friends, one of whom is seventy-five years old, and I call him 'sweetheart.' There are men who address me in the same terms of endearment. You know, it is pleasant to all of us to have loving and affectionate words employed in our intercourse with each other. It is simply in this way that I use these terms."

"How do I give people treatments? Well, I go into the silence. If I am to treat for poverty, I send vibration of success. I have patients in Wall street who pay me from \$25 to \$50 a month. Once I built a house worth \$5,000 when I didn't have five cents to begin with. I saw the whole thing as in a picture, and knew that was the thing to do—and it was."

Shelton claims to have vibrated for E. Bard Grubb, of New Jersey, ex-Minister to Spain, who lost his fortune so successfully that the fortune came back.

He says he receives about 2,000 letters a month, each containing \$1. In his answers he always addresses the inquirer as "sweetheart," and some of the answers to young women are lurid.

"Carrie, my darling," he wrote to one young woman. "I believe I have more sweethearts than any other man on earth. 'I began my awakening by loving a woman I should not, and now I love all women—black white, red, yellow and mixed.'"

WEALTHY SENATORS.

But Probably the Estimates Are Rather High.

Chauncey M. Depew (Rep.), New York, personal wealth, \$2,000,000. William Andrews Clark (Dem.), Montana, mine owner, banker and manufacturer, \$50,000,000.

Marcus Alonzo Hanna (Rep.), Ohio, coal and iron mine owner and manufacturer, railroad and steamship lines and banker, \$12,000,000.

Stephen Benton Elkins (Rep.), West Virginia, coal and iron mines and railroads, \$7,000,000.

John Percival Jones (Silver), Nevada, gold and silver mines, \$10,000,000.

Redfield Proctor (Rep.), Vermont, lawyer, \$3,000,000.

John Keane (Rep.), New Jersey, lawyer and banker, \$5,000,000.

Thomas Collier Platt (Rep.), New York, express company, banker and commercial interests, \$5,000,000.

George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.), Rhode Island, banker, lawyer and capitalist, \$5,000,000.

Nathan B. Scott (Rep.), West Virginia, capitalist, \$2,000,000.

William Morris Stewart (Silver), Nevada, lawyer and gold and silver mine owner, \$2,000,000.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.), Rhode Island, street railway magnate, \$1,000,000.

Addison G. Foster (Rep.), Washington, lumber, coal and shipping, \$2,500,000.

James McMillan (Rep.), Michigan, lumber, 5,000,000.

Edward Oliver Wolcott (Rep.), Colorado, lawyer and mining, \$2,000,000.

Henry Cabot Lodge (Rep.), Massachusetts, literature, \$2,000,000.

Charles Warren Fairbanks (Rep.), Indiana, lawyer, \$2,000,000.

Joseph Benson Foraker (Rep.), Ohio, lawyer, \$1,000,000.

William J. Sewall (Rep.), New Jersey, railroads and banking, \$2,000,000.

Joseph V. Quaries (Rep.), Wisconsin, lawyer and lumber, \$1,500,000.

Boies Penrose (Rep.), Pennsylvania, lawyer, 1,000,000.

Francis E. Warren (Rep.), Wyoming, ranchman, \$1,500,000.

Eugene Hale (Rep.), Maine, lawyer, \$1,000,000.

George C. Perkins (Rep.), California, steamships and banking, \$1,000,000.

George Shoup (Rep.), Idaho, sheep and mine owner, \$1,000,000.

Joseph Simon (Rep.), Oregon, lawyer, \$1,000,000.—N. Y. World.

WHITTIER AT HOME.

Gail Hamilton's Picture of the Poet by His Own Fireside.

The first installment of a series of letters that passed between Whittier and Gail Hamilton are published for the first time in the December Ladies' Home Journal. In one letter (written, however, to a friend) Gail Hamilton gives this interesting glimpse of Whittier at home:

"Imagine Whittier and me sitting together one whole day and two evenings all the time and then repeating it. One of the brass knobs on the Franklin stove was loose and came off in my hand. I turned it over and remarked upon its brightness. He said, 'Now, doesn't thee know that thee is making work?' 'How?' I asked. 'Why destroying the brightness by handling it?' I rubbed it with my handkerchief and asked the housekeeper if I had made her any work. 'Oh,' she said, 'you make me no work. Mr. Whittier always takes care of these brasses himself. That accounts, I said, for his anxiety—and dismissed me—for I did not think a man generally had any more work to do than was good for him.' The little balls of the trimming of my dress kept coming off and were lying around on the floor. I picked one up just as I was coming away and said: 'There, I will give you that a keepsake.' He laughed and said he had two in his pocket already. He told me some company in the evening that I had talked so much it had made him hoarse."

Surely An Artistic Scribble.

An impetuous maiden with artistic tendencies recently found herself in need of a screen to hide the baldness of the necessary washstand, the one disturbing element in an otherwise dainty room. A friend gave her a Japanese screen of dilapidated antiquity, adding that she could recover it and it would be as good as new. After pricing the pretty things in tapestry and Oriental drapery our ingenious maiden decided she must manufacture something herself. She invested in a heavy cartridge paper of a dark gray tone which she carefully pasted on one side of the screen across the bottom she made an artistic scroll design in sepia, and then she herself down to wait for visitors in the artistic and decorative line, of which she had many.

Her first caller was a youth whose drawings have enlivened the pages of many a daily journal. To him she explained her predicament, and he good-naturedly produced the ubiquitous bit of crayon and sketched in one of his popular cartoons. Other friends soon came to her assistance, and at the end of a week the screen was finished, completely covered with autographed sketches, all of considerable artistic merit and many of no little intrinsic value as well.—N. Y. Herald.

Lipton Must Wed.

London society is very busy

THE "ROYAL" LIMITED.
MOST SUPERB DAY TRAIN IN THE WORLD.
DAILY BETWEEN
NEW YORK. PHILADELPHIA. BALTIMORE WASHINGTON.
NEW YORK 3:00 P.M.-AR WASH
IN 3:00 P.M.-AR NEW YORK

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BALTIMORE AND ANAPOLIS SHORT LINE RAILROAD.
TRAINS LEAVE CAMDEN STATION.
For Annapolis and way stations, week days,
7:15, 8:30 a. m., 1:10, 5:40 p. m.
On Sundays 8:30 a. m., 5:40 p. m.
For Round Bay and Bay Ridge, daily 1:00 p. m.
Leave Annapolis, week days, 6:45, 8:55 a. m.,
1:30, 3:40 and 7:15 p. m.
Sundays 8:55 a. m., 3:50 and 7:45 p. m.
Leave Bay Ridge week days 7:00 p. m.
Sundays 7:30 p. m.
Fare to Bay Ridge and return, 50c.
C. A. COOMBS, G. M.

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THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY IN AMERICA. ALL TRAINS VESTIBULE ELECTRIC LIGHTED, STEAM HEATED. ALL MEALS SERVED IN DINING CARS. STATION SIXTH AND B STREETS.

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2:15 p. m. daily—Cincinnati and St. Louis Special—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis without change. Parlor cars Cincinnati to Chicago. Connects at Covington, Va., for Virginia Hot Springs.
11:30 p. m. DAILY—F. V. Limited—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington and Louisville without change. Observation Car, Pullman Compartment Car to Virginia Hot Springs, without change. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Daily connection for the Springs. Sleepers Cincinnati to Chicago and St. Louis.
11:45 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY—Parlor Car Washington to Richmond and Richmond to Old Point. Only rail line, via Penn., R. F. & P. and C. & O. Railways.
2:15 p. m. DAILY—For Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Staunton and for Richmond, daily, except Sunday.
Reservations and tickets at Chesapeake and Ohio offices, 515 Pennsylvania Avenue and 609 14th Street.
H. W. FULLER, General Passenger Agent.

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SIMPLE, STRONG, SURE.
SEWING MACHINE HAS NO EQUAL.
PERFECT SATISFACTION.
New Home Sewing Machine Co.
—ORANGE, MASS.—
30 Union Square, N. Y., Chicago, Ill., St. Louis, Mo., Atlanta, Ga., Dallas, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.
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East India Corn Plaster.
Immediate Relief and Cure of
HARD AND SOFT CORNS,
BUNIONS AND CALLOUSES.
Prepared by
A. J. SCHAFFERT, Pharmacist
N. Capitol & H Sts., N. W.

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Elite Whiskey A SPECIALTY
and all the Popular Brands
The largest glass of Henrich's BEER IN THE CITY.

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Between N and O Streets

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Chr. Xander,
909 Seventh Street.

In this original house of thirty-five years standing, Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Rums, and in all 129 Wines 45 Cordials, etc., are sold in always equal quantities. Catawba, the best obtainable, \$1 per gallon. His own Sweet Norton, also \$1 a gallon, can be diluted heavily without loss to its vinosity. Of the 20 different standards of Whiskies, his 6-year old Special Rye at 75 cents full quart, Golden Medal 65 cents, and the grades at 60 cents and 50 cents, full quart, have been known so well and so long as pure and without fustil poison that their superiority in that regard over most others cannot be contradicted. For slender purses and the wealthy there are so many goods in stock that all can be satisfied.
Remember the number—909.
(NO BRANCH HOUSES.)

BUFFET
MRS STEVENS Prop.
456 Louisiana Avenue, n. w.

Baker Whisky A Specialty.

When you are hungry or Thirsty Go to
P. F. O'Conner,
617 D Street, northwest.
Where you will always find a choice line of Whiskies and Liquors. Oysters in every Style. All are treated right.

I DRINK AT

W. Harndedy's
I DON'T BUT WILL HERE AFTER.

No. 3288 M Street, Northwest, GEORGETOWN D. C.

MEEHAN,
N. W. Cor. 7th and H Sts., S. W.
One of the best places in S'w Washington
Wines, Liquors, and Cigars
Of the finest brands,
FRESH BEER DAILY.
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--Edward Murphy--
Wines and Liquors.

831 14th Street Northwest.
Nov. 21 (3 mos.)
TELEPHONE.

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Importer of and Dealer in Wines & Liquors
Specially for medicinal and family use.
OXFORD and TREMONT, Pure Rye Whiskies.

WHOLESALE ONLY.
425 Tenth Street Northwest.
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Pure Old Straight Rye Whiskey AT
Wines & Liquors,
Cigars & Tobacco.
Also Manufacturer of Fine Cigars.
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Wm. H. BROOKER,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
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WINE, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.
Meals at all hours, and Game in Season.
1229 D Street, southeast, Washington, D. C.

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Wines AND LIQUOR

HOTELS—BALTIMORE.
SARATOGA HOTEL.
A. H. Cole, Proprietor.

Special Rates To Theatrical Troupes
New Management
Bar Stocked With The Finest Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Terms: \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day.
\$7 to \$12 per week
Howard and Saratoga Streets,
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Cars to and from all Depots; pass the Hotel.

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LEECH'S Restaurant.

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Harper Whiskey a Specialty

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WHITE DALY & CO.

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WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS

No. 207 KING STREET,

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THE SUN'S TOTAL ECLIPSE THE IDAHO HORSE QUEEN.

It Will Offer an Unusual Opportunity for Science.

THE RESULTS EXPECTED.

Visible in the United States—the Track of Totality—Skilled Observers Will Be on Hand—Locating Stations.

In one respect the sun's total eclipse of May 28 next will be without precedent. Its path instead of extending over the sparsely settled regions that intervene between Iowa and the western coast, as in 1878, or stretching over the watery expanses of the Pacific, as in 1883, when the United States had to send an expedition to the Caroline Islands, 4,000 miles west of South America, or let the eclipse go unobserved, will cross the six states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina, touch Virginia and traverse a very fairly settled portion of the republic, which is covered with a perfect network of rail. The track of totality begins on the Pacific coast just west of Mexico at sunrise, trends due eastward over Mexico, enters the United States very near New Orleans, La., and extends northeastward over Mobile and Montgomery, Ala., passes close to Atlanta, Ga., and Columbia, S. C., over Raleigh, N. C., and leaves this country in the region of Norfolk, Va., and Cape Henry. Besides the cities named it includes thirty other towns that are large enough to find place on the smaller maps. After leaving the United States the path of the eclipse crosses the Atlantic ocean and touches Europe at Coimbra, Portugal, takes in Algiers and northern Africa and terminates near the northern end of the Red sea at sunset. The eclipse will last about 1 minute and 12 seconds near New Orleans, and 1 minute and 40 seconds near Norfolk.

The accessibility of the path of the eclipse will render the coming event of incalculable value to science. Preparations are being made by nearly all the scientific institutions in the country to place their best instruments and most scientific observers in the field. The United States Government will spend thousands of dollars establishing observation stations along the path of the eclipse. As Uncle Sam's chief star gazer, Professor Brown, will have charge of the government's principal observation. He is making preparations for work with a knowledge born of long experience and a natural genius in all matters appertaining to his specialty. He has been connected with the observatory for nineteen years. He is a graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis and holds the rank of commander in the navy.

"Greater results are probable from the observations this year," says Professor Brown, "than from any taken heretofore. During the half decade since the last total eclipse there have been great strides in improvements in the apparatus employed in the work. Photography has been wonderfully developed and the improvements in photography alone may effect remarkable discoveries during this year's eclipse. Moreover, the ease with which the eclipse region may be visited will increase the number of scientific observers enormously.

"The government is already preparing to occupy several stations along the path of totality. The necessary ap-



(Path of the Eclipse.)

paratus is being gathered and arranged, and men especially adapted for the work are being engaged, and their special parts in the observations are being outlined. Congress has allowed \$5,000 to the naval observatory for expenses and \$4,000 to the Smithsonian Institute. The naval observatory will send out two expeditions.

"The eclipse will be a great attraction for amateurs—persons who own photographic outfits or other scientific instruments used in observing the phenomena of the solar eclipse. Letters have been received at the observatory which warrant the prognostication that probably 1,000 of these untethered 'amateurs' will be somewhere along the path of the eclipse. The government does not discourage these amateurs, but rather gives them every encouragement and courts contributions of photographs and data from them to add to the government records. It is remembered that one of the finest sets of photographs of the eclipse in India in 1896 was taken by an amateur with a home-made camera but one having an excellent lens. Amateurs have been a help in the field in many instances, and they are always ready to volunteer their services. When Professor Campbell of the Lick observatory went to observe the eclipse in India he took only his wife for an assistant; on the field he found all the trained volunteers necessary to manipulate the seven instruments he made use of.

Phoenician women, who were proud of their hair, have been ordered by the priests to offer it up on the altars dedicated to Venus after the death of Adonis, obeyed, but with murmuring. Soon they were consoled by a Greek merchant, who told them that he would give them the means of hiding their bald pates under luxuriant curls. In his chariot he had hundreds of wigs of all colors.

Celery is derived from smallage. Filberts, &c., are improvements of the hazelnut.

She Has Now Lassoed A St. Louis Contractor.

BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN.

She is a Quick Brander, a Dead Shot With Rifle or Pistol—Of Striking Appearance and Wealthy—Always Ready and Able to Protect Herself.

Miss Kitty Wilkins, the Horse Queen of Idaho, has made her most important "round-up," says a St. Louis special to the New York World, and lassoed a husband. He is William J. ("Billy") Baker, of the firm of Best & Baker, brick contractors, of St. Louis.

The "wild West" and the "effete East" are "branded" and "lariat" all through their romance of hearts.

Miss Wilkins, who rides straddle, and in leather breeches, out among her herds in Idaho valleys, and counts her horses by the thousands of heads, met Mr. Baker in St. Louis last year.

She came here with carloads of Western-bred horseflesh, and sold 3,000 in one consignment to the National Stock Yards.

Many young men of the swagger set got tangled in Miss Wilkins' train. The fair young horse woman gave



(Kitty Wilkins.)

several swagger suppers at the Lindell Hotel. Mr. Baker was among the guests.

Last fall Miss Wilkins made another trip to the city, and renewed her former acquaintance list. Among the most devoted of her admirers was Mr. Baker. The same round of late suppers, theatre parties and princely pleasure spoke eloquently of the horse queen's splendor in her far Western home.

On more than one occasion when an overconfident young man presumed upon Miss Wilkins' wild Western freedom of spirit, he was checked by the glitter of her clear gray eyes and the scorn of her curling scarlet lips, or, if needed, by the iron grip of her fist clinched tightly about the inevitable riding whip poised above her shapely head.

None of Baker's friends was taken into his confidence until after the dissolving of the partnership of Best & Baker.

Baker then announced that he would return with his bride in about four months, when they would bring a large consignment of horses. He promised several of his friends, who were Miss Wilkins' erstwhile guests in St. Louis, that they should have the pick of the lot.

Miss Wilkins, besides being a fearless rider and expert caster of the lasso, and a quick brander, is a dead shot with rifle and pistol. She is a goddess of the saddle, a superb type of womanhood, with muscles trained from outdoor life since early childhood.

She is decidedly manly in her appearance, affecting vests, collars and four-in-hands and mannish topcoats. The most striking point of her status-que ensemble is a broad sombrero, which she wears jauntily upon a mass of hair like burnished bronze.

While in St. Louis she gave several exhibitions of her skill in the saddle and in throwing the lariat. Those who were privileged to see her as she appears upon the rolling landscape of her own broad acres went into ecstasies over the poetry of motion in her swing of the coiling lasso and the grace of her mount.

In all things Miss Wilkins proved herself very much of a woman while there, but one who was always ready and able to protect herself without a chaperon. Much has been written in the East and on the Pacific coast about her wealth, which conservative estimates place at nearly \$1,000,000.

Longest Tunnel in the World.

The Stimplon tunnel, beginning near the little town of Brig, in Switzerland, and ending near Isella Italy, will be 12 1/4 miles long, and will cost \$13,413,500.

Work is in progress at both ends, and the contract calls for its completion in five and a half years.

When finished the new tunnel will accomplish a saving of 43 1/2 miles in the railway journey from Paris to Milan over the Mt. Cenis or St. Gothard tunnels.

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The Bee.

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A STRANGE DEPARTURE.

The strange departure of Webster Davis constitutes another instance of the susceptibility of small politicians to the buzzing of the insinuating and seductive busy political bee. By a strange misconception of the fitness of things, it would seem that the new champion of the Boers has made up his mind that the head of a small bureau is not sufficient to represent a character of his immense intellectual proportions.

It is true that Webster Davis is an orator of no mean distinction, as was demonstrated in the eloquent and timely speeches he made in the last presidential campaign. It may be true that the same brilliant orator possesses a perspicuity quite capable of discovering the various phases of the Boer instincts, customs and peculiarities within a very short time, and therefore knows just precisely what he is talking about. If so he must take first rank among political seers and investigators.

For our part however we do not believe anything of the kind. We do not believe that he is greatly more astute, critical or more methodical or diligent than many other investigators who have sought to ascertain the ethical and sociological status of a race of people. It seems to us that conclusions were reached by a short cut and against every reasonable presumption of studious enquiry into actual conditions.

On this point it looks like there is an attempt to pander to a sentiment in this country which indicates a desire for American interference. There could be no more unwise sentiment propagated than that of demanding entanglement on the part of America with foreign powers. To insist upon interference would be to disregard the "Monroe doctrine" and to invite conflict with one of America's most powerful friends and to take sides with a people who in the late conflict with Spain proved to be our enemies.

The representation that the Boers are a progressive people representing the best types of enlightened mankind is sadly out of tune with the facts in the case. They obtained their possessions by theft and murder and injustice, by oppressing the blacks who were the rightful possessors of the soil and have continued to treat them in a manner unbecoming enlightened christian people. Moreover their policy has been of the Chinese order exclusive, barbaric and progressive.

They have shown a willingness to permit the enterprising English people to enter the country and by their knowledge and industry developed their mines, while they watched their cattle and swine, but were unwilling to grant franchise consistent or commensurate with services rendered. Nor is the prowess demonstrated in the Boer country an expression of Boer civilization or Boer prowess.

The strategist and military leaders are of foreign extraction, while the bulk of the gunners are German, French and Russians and to them and the peculiar topography of the country and not the Boers is due the comparative success of their army.

But perhaps, eliminating the merits and demerits of the Boers the worst phase of the matter is the fact that Mr. Davis postponed his departure until a point when it would most embarrass the administration.

It looks like a bid for the tail end of some new party or a desire to father a new "ism." In any

case it is to be hoped that Davis will not succeed in doing any harm and that the Administration will do business at the old stand for four years more in spite of him.

EMANCIPATION DAY PARADES.

These Emancipation day celebrations by street parades have fallen into the hands of a set of sharks who do nothing but collect money from the patriotic citizens and put it into their pockets.

THE BEE is prepared to show that the colored people, in this city do not contribute one penny toward these street parades. These spectacles are kept up by a set of sharks who should be in the penitentiary. THE BEE ventures the assertion that not less than five or six hundred dollars and other things contributed by the white people were used to support a set of lazy good for nothing and idle shysters. If the white people would cease contributing money to these idlers and send it to some worthy colored charitable institution, the people would be better satisfied.

What did the celebration demonstrate on Monday? It showed that the paraders themselves were divided. One faction went one way and another faction went another way. The parade itself was a disgrace to the colored people in this city. The money that was collected was appropriated to the personal use of the sharks.

Sena or Mason will no doubt be a wiser man the next time. He was simply hood-winked. The people did not have respect enough for the promoters of the affair to fill the church. There were some who participated in the speaking who are always looking for notoriety. Their speeches would have had better effect on the inmates of St. Elizabeth than they would have on the colored people.

THE PRESIDENT'S NEW SECRETARY.

Mr. George Bruce Cortelyou, the new secretary to President McKinley is no doubt one of the best men one would like to meet. Mr. Cortelyou is a young man of ability. Quiet and unassuming and no doubt the best selection that could have been made. He never gets impatient when talking with a person and above anything else he never gets angry as most men do when they are placed in such a responsible position.

It has been a long time since the White House has had a man like Mr. Cortelyou. Only one man comes anywhere near him and he was W. K. Rodgers, secretary to Ex. President Hayes now deceased. Mr. Rodgers, although a christian gentleman, was a politician. He knew when to say yes and no. Mr. Cortelyou has a happy way of dismissing visitors. He knows how to talk to dozens in a few minutes and please them all.

"George Bruce Cortelyou was born in New York July 26th, 1862 and is a member of one of the oldest families in that state. He studied a various public and private schools. At sixteen he entered the State Normal School at Westfield, Mass., pursued an advanced course of study and graduated with honor at nineteen preparing for Harvard University. His plans were however, changed upon graduation and he entered the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston, to continue musical studies begun several years before. Upon returning to New York he continued his studies, finally taking up a course of stenography at the Walworth Stenographic Institute, and upon graduating from that institution, was appointed principal assistant in the school. The following year he became associated with James E. Munson, author of the Munson system of phonography, and assisted him in his duties as official stenographer of the superior court. From 1885 to 1889 he was the principal of college preparatory schools in New York."

But it must be remembered that none of us, however able and wise, are more than human. We cannot free ourselves from the conditions and limitations which bind us to earth and make us men. So large and complicated is our great pulsating national life, throbbing like the majestic volcano under the influence of mighty forces at work within, that it is impossible even for the wisest and ablest of our statesmen to put themselves in touch with it at every point. It becomes necessary, therefore, for the people, at the proper time, occasion arises, to speak through petition and inform their representatives in congress of the kind of legislation that is desirable for them. This is what 90,000 colored citizens of the District of Columbia do through us today. In their names we come today to protest most emphatically against the enactment into law of Senate Report No. 711. We oppose the enactment of this bill into law for the following reasons: First, because it abolishes the office of colored superintendent of schools in the District of Columbia, and reduces our proportional representation on the board of education having exclusive jurisdiction in all school matters. Gentlemen, the office of colored superintendent for colored schools has been creditably filled by a colored man ever since the nation established free schools for the education of its colored children. Under the fostering care of colored trustees and a colored superintendent the colored public schools of the District of Columbia have in 35 years developed from a very humble and insignificant beginning into an elaborate system embracing thousands of children and hundreds of accomplished teachers.

A WARNING.

There is every reason for the colored citizens to protest against the passage of the bill abolishing the office of colored superintendent of the colored schools, since the schools of the District are to remain separate. The colored people are entitled to that office and there is no reason whatever for the office to be taken from them.

The Republican party has been responsible for all the power that has been taken from the Negro in this city. That party is responsible for the right of suffrage being taken away which deprived the Negro of many places he filled with credit to the race. Now the last act is the abolition of the office of superintendent, and if the bill passes, the republican party will be held responsible. The managers of that party had better go slow their actions will be resented at the polls.

M. W. V. BLACK.

There is a popular sentiment in favor of the appointment of Mr. W. V. Black for the District Commissionership. Mr. Black is a democrat and no doubt a very good man. The people however are unanimously almost in favor of Hon. John W. Ross. Of course if the President has no intention of reappointing Mr. Ross, THE BEE would favor Mr. Black but, it is the desire of the people to see Mr. Ross reappointed. There is no man in this city who is as popular among the people as Mr. Ross. He is a popular idol. Never in the history of the District government has there ever been a man so universally appreciated as Mr. Ross.

CLAUD JOHNSON TO RESIGN.

The resignation of Mr. Claud M. Johnson of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing has been called for by the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Johnson has made himself very unpopular by his opposition to organized labor and his prejudice toward the colored employees of his office. There is no man more disliked than Mr. Johnson and his retirement from the public service will be hailed with delight by all classes of people.

Secretary Gage could not have done a better thing for the people of this country. Who his successor will be is a question of conjecture, but, the prevailing opinion is that Captain Merredeth, formerly chief of Bureau, will succeed him. Captain Merredeth is a wide awake and competent man and it is hoped that the President will appoint him.

JOHN R. BROOKS GETS 15 YEARS.

PLEADS FOR CLEMENCY OF THE COURT AND PROMISES TO BE A BETTER MAN.

His Beautiful Home, 1920 So. Seventeenth Street, Sold at the Small Sum of \$4,600, to Michael Dempsey at Sheriff Sale.

THE JUDGE WAS QUITE SEVERE.

From the Philadelphia Tribune.

The manly form of John R. Brooks, who a few months ago was a shining light on the pinnacle of elite society, if you please, now graces the confines of the Eastern Penitentiary, where he has taken up his abode for a period of fifteen years.

Brooks, it will be remembered was arrested on Wednesday, February 7, on the charge of securing \$1200 from one, John L. Yd, a lawyer, whose office is at 1429 Chestnut street, and for security gave an alleged mortgage on the property of Mr. T. Horatio Boteler, 1111 Lombard street.

The secret was unearthed by a mistake in the second mortgage. The night previous to his arrest Brooks gave a swell reception, the like of which has never been given in this city and probably in any other city by a Negro.

This reception was attended by many of this city's leaders of society. His magnificent dwelling, 1920 South Seventeenth street, was hospitably thrown open for their soul's enjoyment. All that wealth could afford was provided for them. The grandeur of this veritable paradise mystified them and their brains were steeped in his sparkling beverages that flowed as free as water.

He was considered a Napoleon and many were the glad and friendly hands extended and he needed them not.

To-day he is compelled, by the decision of Judge Sulzberger on Wednesday in the Criminal Court, to serve what might be considered the remainder of his life in prison, with a very few, if any, to say, poor fellow.

Brooks entered a plea for clemency of the Court, saying that he was near sixty years of age, and would, if released, spend the remainder of his days as a law-abiding citizen. He said that his misfortune was the result of a game of chance rather than an intention to wrong anyone, and had fortune favored him a little longer time, he would have made restitution in full and would have recompensed the prosecutors for any loss they may have sustained.

Judge Sulzberger, in passing the sentence, said: "Men like you should never be permitted to be at large. If persons cannot feel safe in their own homes against the depredations of cowardly robbers, who assume no personal risk, then society is indeed beyond protection of the law. I intend that you shall not commit such crimes again, and also that your case be a warning to others of your stripe."

Brooks is a past grand master in the fraternity of crooks, and we have every reason to believe had he not been apprehended as soon as he was he would have mortgaged the public buildings and forged William Penn's name to a check on the United States Treasury.

It may not be generally known, but the palatial residence owned by Mr. Brooks was sold at Sheriff's sale Tuesday last, a week since, and was purchased by Patrick Dempsey, the South Broad street installment man for the insignificant price of \$4,600. The furnishings, which were the most elaborate and costly nature, were bought in shortly after the exposure by John Wanamaker. Mr. Wanamaker, however, generously left sufficient furnishings in the house to make the elegant residence comfortable for the unfortunate lady and her children.

PROF. N. E. WEATHERLESS' ADDRESS.

BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE.

Gentlemen on the Committee of Appropriations.

We, acting under the instructions of a large mass-meeting, held in the Second Baptist Church, April 1st, under the auspices of Second Baptist Lyceum a committee of five, appear before your Honorable Body to present resolutions which represent the wishes and express the sentiments of 90,000 colored citizens of the District of Columbia on Senate Report No. 711, which proposes a radical change in the management of the Public Schools of the District.

In coming together to express calmly and temperately but forcibly their disapproval of this bill they simply exercised that common right of peaceable assembly, which has always been dear to the American heart. In the conception and establishment of our glorious republic its noble founders were careful enough to embody in the organic law of the land the principle that the Right of Petition should always and ever abide in the hands of the people as a sword of defense. In our country the people are king. Their will, and not the whim or caprice of any man or set of men, any newspaper or clique of newspapers, is the supreme law of the land. Their voice, if not the voice of God, is a voice that must be heard, respected and obeyed; if not their voice, their votes at the polls answer. Why not? The people themselves as a whole have neither the time nor the disposition to leave their different occupations to come to the Capitol to transact the public business. Therefore, they choose by vote their ablest and most public spirited men to do this for them. You are a part of the distinguished men chosen. We have implicit faith in you, in your loftiness of character, integrity of purpose, your ability to grapple with, and legislate equitably upon any and all questions originating in, and having their direct bearing upon us, not as a homogenous whole but as a heterogeneous population. We have faith in your ability and your innate love of fair play, which will cause you to deal fairly with us on all such questions. We sincerely believe that on all such questions you always act according to the very best light you have.

But it must be remembered that none of us, however able and wise, are more than human. We cannot free ourselves from the conditions and limitations which bind us to earth and make us men. So large and complicated is our great pulsating national life, throbbing like the majestic volcano under the influence of mighty forces at work within, that it is impossible even for the wisest and ablest of our statesmen to put themselves in touch with it at every point. It becomes necessary, therefore, for the people, at the proper time, occasion arises, to speak through petition and inform their representatives in congress of the kind of legislation that is desirable for them. This is what 90,000 colored citizens of the District of Columbia do through us today. In their names we come today to protest most emphatically against the enactment into law of Senate Report No. 711. We oppose the enactment of this bill into law for the following reasons: First, because it abolishes the office of colored superintendent of schools in the District of Columbia, and reduces our proportional representation on the board of education having exclusive jurisdiction in all school matters.

Gentlemen, the office of colored superintendent for colored schools has been creditably filled by a colored man ever since the nation established free schools for the education of its colored children. Under the fostering care of colored trustees and a colored superintendent the colored public schools of the District of Columbia have in 35 years developed from a very humble and insignificant beginning into an elaborate system embracing thousands of children and hundreds of accomplished teachers.

NATURE'S FAIRYLAND.

To little Grace Over.

She strolled beside a brook one day;
A Fairy on her blithesome way;
And as she tread each flower seemed
To welcome her in its new green.

Everything was brightly clad,
The birds they seemed to be so glad,
And so airing 'bout in careless pair,
Gave love rehearsals in the air.

No soul could stand that music rare;
The Fairy blushed beneath her hair,
And passion lit her scarlet face
With pleasant light and florid grace.

Those pearly eyes so clear and blue
Would search you well with fervor through;
Her rosy tints would now and then
Forget to blush and rad'ance blend.

The sun had several hours yet
To play and gambol, tire and fret;
She ceased to stroll, the day was spent
To yonder wood she quickly went:

And somewhere sought the doves at rest.
To make their sleep eternal best.

H. Eugene Wilson.

April 15, 1900.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LYCEUM.

An interested and representative audience was present at the Congressional Lyceum, Odd Fellows' Hall Sunday afternoon last, to witness the exercises incident to the formal presentation, by Prof. R. H. Terrell principal of the High School, of the Lyceum gold medal to the successful student in the recent public debate held at Shiloh Baptist Church. At 4:15 Mr. W. C. Martin, president of the Lyceum opened the envelop containing the finding of the judges which secretary J. L. Pinn read aloud. When he read the name Lieutenant T. H. Clark as the successful debater, the applause was hearty and prolonged.

The President introduced Prof. Terrell, who in a most appropriate and eloquent address presented the beautiful medal to Lieut. Clark. As Prof. Terrell handed the medal to Lieut. Clark, the audience sang "Coronation." For politeness the response of Lieut. Clark was in keeping with his speech which won the medal. Daniel H. Murray Esq., one of the judges was present and stated that the judges were unanimous in their opinion that Lieut. Clark was entitled to the medal but it should not be understood that the other three gentlemen did not make very able addresses, and while Lieut. Clark gave the second place to Mr. C. A. Right, he and Dr. Wiseman decided that Mr. Clark's Junior day was entitled to it. Mr. Taylor being present, made a very witty speech and concluded by saying that he would not object to a motion making it unanimous. The subject—"Resolved that an intelligent division of the Negro vote would materially improve the political status of the race;" being upon for general discussion, the chair was occupied by Lieut. Clark and his colleagues. Lieut. Clark proceeded to discuss the affirmative of the question in Western style for a quarter of an hour. He was followed by Mr. Gordon who did not speak in complimentary terms of the idea of a political "divide." Mr. Gordon was nearly seated before W. Calvin Chase Esq., claimed the floor and until he resumed his seat he made it fairly for Messrs. Clark and Jones. His remarks were made by Lieut. Clark Messrs. J. W. Patterson, J. W. West, J. F. N. Wilkison, W. J. Abrams, and others. Lieut. Clark was followed by Jacob Fleider and Mrs. H. Patterson accompanying and the instrumental solo by Miss Bianchi Coleman, were excellently rendered and heartily received.

At 10:30 tomorrow afternoon 3:30 W. Calvin Chase Esq., will address the Lyceum on "The Absurdities and Follies of Negro Leaders. Special musical exercises." Every colored man who owns a house or a house and farm should and will feel proud in being so reported in the census. When the census enumerator goes around, next June, he will ask at every dwelling house visited by him, "Do you own this house, or rent it?" No matter what the dwelling may be, if it is the abiding place of a family, the answer to this question will be recorded. The census schedule will show whether this family is white or colored; so it will be possible for the clerks in the census office to count and state the precise number of homes whether in town or in the country, occupied by each race, and what proportion of white and colored people respectively live in home which they have bought and paid for, in whole or in part. If any man has purchased and occupies a house or farm for which he is still in debt, but has paid one or more installments of the purchase price, he should report himself as an owner. He is not a renter nor tenant.

The statistics of ownership of homes by colored people in 1900 will no doubt be the occasion of surprise to many. The gains made by them in industrial knowledge and professional attainments, as reported in various recent conventions and conferences held in the southern states, will thus be made apparent to the world. It will be impossible successfully to question or refute the census figures. These figures will be made up entirely from answers to the enumerators given by the colored people themselves.

The statistics of the Negro farming will also be separately given in the census reports. It is the desire of the government to find out the exact condition of the race at this time, in order to be in position to measure, in 1910, the rate of progress made by it in the next ten years.

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April 15, 1900.

HANDSHAKING.

Custom That Dates Back to the Beginning of Time.

"It is said by ancient astrologers that shaking hands is a scientific custom which dates back to the beginning of time. There is all the difference in the world between the various modes of shaking the hand of stranger or friend as to the resulting impression obtained by and through that operation, consciously or unconsciously," said a society woman at a select afternoon tea. "I claim that the result depends upon the proper position taken by the two hands clasped, although a mere touch will tell much. We shake hands in order to form a connection between us which will result in the exchange of planetary vibrations which notify us whether we have met a friend or foe. Few people go into such an exact scientific analysis of the reasons, but perhaps think that they do it because other people do it; that it is the custom of the country, or because the person met offers the hand. It remains an indisputable fact, however, that we form likes and dislikes upon touching the hands of strangers, and that friendships or dislikes often start at that point whether we realize it or not. The exchange of impression is strong at the moment of contact of the palm. It makes us unhappy to touch some people, and we will not if we can help it."

"The most effective handshake is not the close clasp in all cases, but varies according to the sizes and shapes of the two hands which clasp each other. However they may meet, there is one spot which is the magnetic centre of the entire being—the mount of the sun, speaking from the standpoint of palmistry—which has the most direct nerve contact with the brain and also most direct blood connection with the heart, and is therefore called the ring finger—with the magnetic pole at its base."

"The physical and mental strength are there united in the strongest magnetic centre of the body. If the two hands thus clasped are placed with magnetic centres in close contact, no matter where the rest of the palm may be, I insist that there is a strong magnetic current established between these two people."

"It may be intensified in effect if the mounts at the bases of the other fingers also be brought into as close contact with each other, thus bringing the minor magnetic poles also together. Then if the third, or ring finger, curls around the mount of Venus—astrologically situated at the base of the little finger, above the heart line, and traversed by the marriage line or lines—and the thumb extends across the back of each friend's hand to the knuckle at the base of the 'ring' finger, clasping those chief magnetic poles the more closely, the law of magnetism is carried out to complete perfection, the effects are more pronounced, and we enjoy the pleasurable interchange of vibrations, whether we know the 'whys and wherefores' or not."

"DOCTORED" CIGARS.

Pointers on the Manipulation of the Fragment Weed.

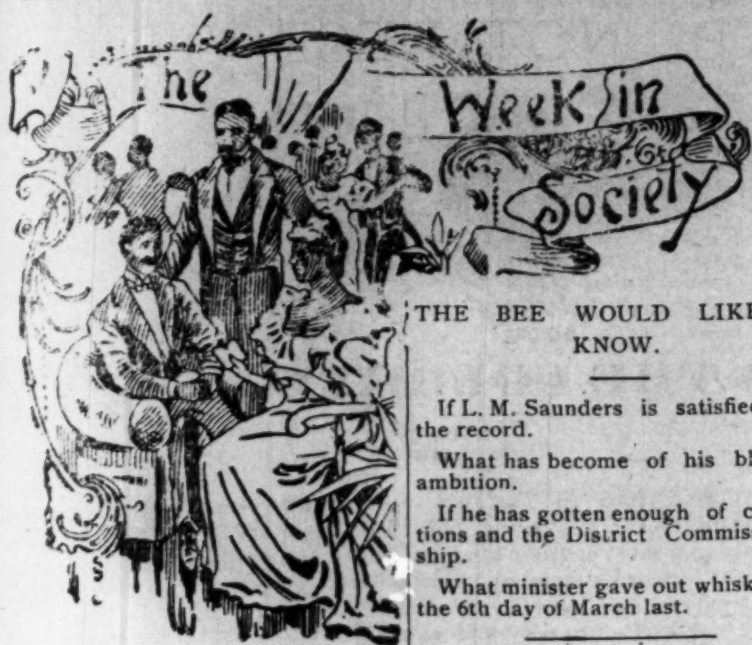
"Because cigarettes are said to contain an admixture of certain drugs which are believed to be deleterious to health," said a western dealer in tobacco, "many benevolent ladies and well-intending gentlemen, the latter, in all probability, having never cut open, much less smoked, a cigar in their lives, think that the small roll of leaf so dear to the heart and purses of other men is loaded with all sorts of inflammable and dangerous materials."

"As a matter of actual fact, cigars are, as a rule, made of pure, good tobacco, free from any 'doctoring' processes or manipulations which add to the already sufficient poisonous qualities of the active principle of tobacco—nicotine. There is enough of the narcotic in that element."

"The so-called 'doctoring' is largely a matter of popular fiction. The real leaf of the tobacco is too cheap to attempt to palm off a smoking substitute. The poorer grades of the weed are rank enough without adulteration. The cigars put on the market nowadays are vastly superior to those smoked by men some years ago, and especially is this true of the domestic leaf, which, by improved cultivation and quality of the seed, and advanced methods of curing packing and handling has undergone a change in keeping with the times. Beyond a slight sprinkling of innocuous flavoring extract to enhance the aroma, as perfume on a handkerchief, cigars of today, are 'straight goods.' More than ever do men call for a certain brand, even in the cheaper and nickel grades, and it is oftentimes difficult to get them to adapt a new one which we wish to introduce to the trade."

"Several brands of nickel cigars are made from the clippings of a higher priced cigar. There are as many grades of tobacco as of woolen goods. Some men don't know this. Some men don't know the difference between a Connecticut and a Havana cigar, and never will. In fact, the ignorance of some men about tobacco is conceived of only by those who deal in it. They are worse than some women buying dry goods—some men; not all. These men are great bores, as other men, of observing bent of mind must notice, when the first kind are explaining to us what they think they know about tobacco when made in the form of a cigar.—Washington Star.

Stubb—Which do you think is of the most importance—brain or bone and sinew?
Penn—Well, it depends on who you are. If you are an inventor, brain; if you are a butcher, bone and sinew.



EARL'S ETCHINGS.

The exhibition drill at Odd Fellow's Hall last Saturday, given by the young ladies of the High School was exceptionally a fine and clever feature.

They showed great skill in the use of Military arms and in a great many respects displayed marvelous tact. A large gathering had assembled to witness the first time something unique in the retina of the Public eye. They were not disappointed, for there was a continuous outburst of applause from all sections of the auditorium. Hoffman's celebrated orchestra furnished music for the occasion.

The company is officered by the respective young ladies: Capt., Edith Wright, 1st Lieut., Mabel Drew, 2nd Lieut., Eva Lucas, 1st Serg't., Carrie Lee, Corps., Altona Wright, Helen Jones, Hattie Ricks, Georgie Lucas, Rosa Childs and Julia Childs.

Very impressive obsequies were held over the remains of the late John Jackson Sunday afternoon at the Ashbury M. E. Church. Rev. Thomas presided assisted by the able divine, Rev. Walter H. Brooks. Owing to the fact that the deceased was so well known, the sanctuary was crowded at quite an early hour. Mr. Jackson for a number of years had been an employee of the Post Office Department and was always held in the highest esteem by his opponents and fellow associates. This was more forcibly told in the magnificent floral designs, which graced the sadness of the funeral.

Misses Bright and Taylor, teachers of Baltimore schools, were in town this week, guests of Miss Gussie Savoy, of 10th street, Southeast.

Mr. Earle Bryant and Miss Lillian Green were quietly united in marriage Monday evening.

A song entitled "A Blighted Life" will be sung at a star concert in Philadelphia, the last of the month. The words are by H. Eugene Wilson and the music by C. Rosini Dito.

The Easter services at the Fifteenth Street Presbyterian Church Sunday morning were the best in years. Special music was rendered by the choir assisted by Hoffman's concert orchestra. Rev. Francis Grinke who presided delivered an extremely excellent sermon.

Miss Oceania Brooks, of Pierce Place, Northwest is very sick. Miss Brooks' illness is due to over work in her school duties.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Mamie Wear to Mr. Charles Jones.

Mr. Edward H. Dea, deputy collector of customs of South Carolina, was in the city this week.

Mrs. Robert J. Harlan of our city has been sick for quite a while. She is slightly improved. Mrs. Harlan has an interesting family. She is also an aunt of Mr. D. S. Seville of our city.

Mrs. Annie Robinson, nee Miss Annie Johnson, formerly a trained nurse in the Freedman Hospital, but now head nurse in a Hospital in North Carolina, is now in the city the guest of her mother 45 P Street, N. E.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Annie E. Gillem to Mr. Howard W. Greene. The marriage will take place at St. Mary's Church Alexandria, Va., Wednesday Evening, May 31st.

Mr. Edward Flynn, of the 18th district, presented to the Osceola Social Club a handsome silk banner to be used June 19th in escorting W. Calvin Chase to the National Republican Convention. The officers of the club are: A. B. Jones, president; James Marshall, financial secretary; M. F. Herbert, recording secretary; and James R. Evans, chairman of the Executive Committee. The club will be dressed in full black uniforms, with white gaiters, white vests and satchels.

BANQUET TO R. W. THOMPSON.

The National Colored Personal Liberty League celebrated its fifth anniversary by tendering a banquet to R. W. Thompson, editor of the colored American, and president of the Second Baptist Lyceum, last Wednesday night at Delmo-Koonce banquet hall. H. C. Hawkins, president of the league, presided. The following gentlemen responded to toasts: "Our Schools," Prof. Robert H. Terrell; "Our Literature," Mr. Daniel Murray; "The Press," E. E. Cooper; "Our Future," H. Clay Hawkins; "Our Present Status," H. Y. Arnett; "Our Duty," R. W. Thompson; "The Black Soldier and the Black Civilian," Thomas H. Clarke; "Our Young Men," Willis T. Manarc; "Wyoming and Her Statesmen," D. D. Moore; "Merit as Motor," T. T. Haskins; "Our War," W. C. Payne; Prof. L. M. Hershaw acted as toastmaster.

THE BEE WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

If L. M. Saunders is satisfied with the record.

What has become of his blighted ambition.

If he has gotten enough of conventions and the District Commissioner'ship.

What minister gave out whiskey on the 6th day of March last.

THE BEE WOULD LIKE TO SEE.

A good man appointed Judge of the Police Court.

Colored lawyers united on all questions.

Men keep their promises to their friends.

Keep your word under all circumstances.

IT IS RUMORED.

Claude M. Johnson will resign. Captain Merredeth will succeed him.

Some colored people will be appointed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Some people are satisfied with almost anything.

ROSS AND SCOTT IN DEMAND.

The W. Calvin Chase escort club, numbering 150 men met on last Tuesday evening in the parlors of the Cycle House, 513 and 515 Q street northwest with Charles H. Watson chairman and accepted the bid of a local firm for the uniforms for the club to wear to Philadelphia, Pa., June 19th. New members are joining the club weekly.

A resolution was adopted endorsing Hon. John W. Ross for reappointment as District Commissioner and Judge Charles F. Scott as Commissioner. President Watson made a most eloquent speech in support of the resolution.

4000 STRONG

COLORED PEOPLE UNITED IN DEMANDING A COLORED SUPERINTENDENT FOR THEIR SCHOOLS.

The petition directed to Congress asking for the appointment of two superintendents one of whom shall be colored man in charge of the colored schools was presented to the senate on Saturday by Senator McMillan.

It contained 4000 signatures. This is the best evidence in the world of the unanimity of the colored people of the District of Columbia upon this question. Although the bill has passed the senate it has not passed the conference committee nor has it yet received the sanction of the President.

We should follow this matter up for these petitions are now a matter of Congressional record and even in the future they may be called up and used for our good.

Mr. M. Grant Lucas has done invaluable service to the race in the preparation and presentation of this petition.

THE OLDEST PAPER.

From the Detroit Mich., Republican.

We have here at the Capital three Negro newspapers doing battle in the cause of the race. "The Washington Bee" the oldest, owned and edited by W. Calvin Chase, who has just been elected a delegate to the National Republican convention, has constantly made its appearance for 25 years and is known far beyond the boundary of the District of Columbia. Mr. Chase was recently tendered a banquet by some of the most prominent colored men of the city at the now famous colored restaurant "Delmo-Koonce," in honor of his election as delegate to the National Republican convention.

The American Savings Industrial Co., at 609 F street, n. w., offers some of the best inducements to the young men and women, who desire to work with quick returns that ever was offered. Mrs. F. E. W. Taylor is manager of this company.

Mrs. Taylor needs no introduction to the people of Washington. She is known as a thorough industrial woman.

THE FOREPAUGH-SELLS SHOW.

As already announced, the Adam Forepaugh-Sells Brothers' combined shows are scheduled for exhibition at Washington, at North Capital street between L and M sts., on Wednesday and Thursday, Apr. 25 and 26. Among the almost countless features are Captain Woodward's amphibious artists, or performing seals. These animals do almost everything but talk, and "Leo," the monster North Pole clown, makes a commendable effort in that direction. His companions, with only flippers to supply the place of hands, form among other things an "Arctic Seal Skin Band." They manipulate drums, banjos, sybals and numerous other musical instruments in unison and in time to the baton of a leader. They throw and catch flaming torches, fire guns at command, and sing songs of the sea in

chorus. Another feature is the Forepaugh heard of performing elephants. These elephants, who were the marvel and delight of the fathers and mothers of the present generation of youngsters, will do as much to entertain the little ones of today as they did then. The Forepaugh herd is, however, only one of three herds that will be seen here with this great congress. The Sells Brothers' herd is only second to the Forepaugh herd in size, number and training, while Prof. Dockrill's famous herd of pigny performing elephants is also to be seen. These cute little elephants, the Tom Thumbs of the elephant race, are the cutest little fellows ever seen, although the smallest one of them would weigh as much as a horse. Besides the elephants there are the twenty-five clowns and all the other wonderful features of the shows.

DEATH OF HENRY DEMAS.

News has reached this office that Hon. Henry Demas, one of the best known politicians of this country died at New Orleans, Louisiana, April 18th. Mr. Demas was the leader of the Louisiana republicans and a man of influence and power in his state. Mr. Demas was a man of nerve and push. He was honorable and upright no matter what his political enemies may say.

Rev. W. H. Brooks spent Easter Sunday in Richmond, Va., and preached a very grand sermon.

Mr. William Brooks, who teaches near Fort Washington, spent his Easter holidays with his parents in this city.

Miss Nannie R. Lee, who has been spending her holidays with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. James A. Lee, left last Sunday to resume charge of her school in Flushing, N. Y.

The emancipation parade was a very poor apology.

Mr. Willis, of King Wm. Co., Va., spent last week in this city as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Milton.

The song service at the 19th street Baptist Church last Sunday night was very interesting.

The Metropolitan A. M. E. Church was crowded to its utmost capacity last Sunday night. The singing, as usual, was fine.

WHAT I SAW AND HEARD.

The democratic convention is over and Col. Norris has won. My distinguished friend W. J. Donovan is one of the delegates to Kansas City. Mr. Donovan is a wide-awake man and one the boys like.

Rev. Geo. W. Lee, has become disgusted and has reached the conclusion that it is better to preach than it is to enter politics. L. M. Saunders should read the last issue of the Sunday Chronical and compare records. Saunders is on his last legs. His occupation is gone. He had better retire from politics.

Yes why should there not be a colored court and a colored bailiff in the police court. I don't want to see any man dismissed, but it is an easy matter to transfer one somewhere else and give the Negro representation. There are some Negroes in this city playing hot and cold. Men should be what they seem to be and nothing more. Mr. Pugh wants to be judge of the Police Court. There are others who want to be judge. No man should get the endorsement of the colored people unless it is agreed that some competent colored men shall be appointed. If Mr. Pugh and his friends want to make capital out of this assertion, let them do so; The LEE is prepared meet them on common grounds. Why shouldn't the Negro have representation in the Police Court?

The most amusing animal intown is that thing from New Jersey. He claims to have letters from the President, inviting him to call and discuss the Negro question. Whenever you see him, he is just received (?) a letter from the President, or one is on its way to him. I've come to the conclusion that this thing has water on the brain. It is a wonder the Afro-American Council doesn't cage it, because if it continues to run at large there will be danger of its being picked up at the White House gate entrance. This animal has strong reasoning faculties. It declared some time ago that the Afro-American Council should bring a murder case to the United States Supreme Court for the purpose of testing the constitutionality of a state law that prohibits certain colored citizens from voting. He argued that a certain man committed murder in the state of Louisiana, and the democrats prohibit certain colored men from registering prior to voting. To test the constitutionality of the voting law, this murder case should be tried first. Will the Afro-American Council please explain to the readers of the BEE, whether this New Jersey animal has all that belongs to him? There will be a scramble of the candidates for the board of education soon. I understand that Dr. C. B. Purvis and John F. Cook are candidates. Neither one of these men represent anything. John F. has not following enough to elect him self president of a ward meeting. No one wants Purvis. Neither Purvis nor Cook represent the colored people and if the bill passes the President will not burden the people with these two men.

Among some of the candidates are Dr. Childs, L. C. Bailey, Lewis H. Douglass, Dr. F. J. Shadd, Dr. Sterling M. Brown, Dr. Geo. H. Richardson, Thomas H. Wright, Dr. J. R. Francis, Mrs. Bettie Francis, Mrs. J. T. Layton, Mr. J. W. Patterson, Mr. R. W. Thompson, Dr. Norwood and others.

I a few days, I understand, the President will appoint three District Commissioners. Of course Col. Ross and Judge Scott will be appointed. Captains Simmons or Ross, would be a good successor to Mr. Beach. I am of the opinion that the President would re-



lieve the people if he would remove Beach.

In talking of the judgment of the police court, there are a few Negro lawyers who are satisfied with having a few cases settled in the District attorney's office. They make statements on the outside another way when it is their personal and selfish interest.

There is but little manhood among certain lawyers around the police court. Some of them will play the "Monkey" and toady to men who are really inferior to them. The man to succeed Judge Scott on the police court bench should be a republican.

TO THE READERS OF THE BEE:

The early closing movement has gone into effect and so far has proved a success. However, to secure its permanency it is necessary to keep before the eyes of the public the feature of early shopping on Saturday, and we take this means to request the readers of THE BEE to do their shopping before nine, and if possible, before 6 o'clock on Saturday.

By doing this you will materially aid the furtherance of our cause. If you want to help the early closing movement, do not deal with merchants WHO DO NOT CLOSE at 9 o'clock Saturday.

RETAIL CLERKS UNION, A. F. of L. No. 262.

C. M. BELL.

NATIONAL PHOTO-

GRAPHER,

BISHOPS PHOTOGRAPHS FOR SALE

463-465 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

N. W.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Smallpox Time Now.

The statistics of smallpox show that this ailment is more prevalent from January to June than in the latter half of the year. Measles show a descending curve in January, a rise in May and June, a fall from August to October, and then a rise in November and December, carrying us on to the January-fall. Scarlet fever is low from January to July; it rises in August, and is high till the end of December. Typhoid fever is typically an ailment of the autumn.

A Wise Bird.

Mexico has a clever bird called the melanaraps which has discovered a new use for the telegraph pole. At the foot of the post this bird makes a large hole, in which it rears its family. Somewhat higher up the post it makes an observatory from which it looks in every direction. Still higher this sagacious bird makes its storehouse, and thus the pole serves as its house, fortress and warehouse.

Key to the Transvaal.

Delagoa Bay, around which is much interest is just now centered, is the finest harbor in South Africa, and practically the key to the Transvaal. Its value to England, therefore, if they could number it among their possessions will be readily understood, for it would enable them to cut off the supply of Boer war stores which the Portuguese are allowing to pass through Lourenco Marques.

A Royal Prerogative.

"It's worth something, after all, to be a Sultan," said the ruler of the Sultan, turning from the newspaper account of the rejection of Roberts and letting his eyes wander to a group of wives playing golf in the office.

PARKER, BRIDGET & CO.

Men's Clothing

with Character

There is much carelessness in the making of clothing; so much hurry work by the men who are paid a certain price for each piece, that needles and fingers must skip quickly along to make the pay big enough for a fair livelihood. Thus the genesis of cheap clothing, smooth-pressed by a heavy hot iron—but soon to become shabby and out of shape.

Men not acquainted with our clothing will likely be surprised by the garments they find here. The methods employed in the making of the Parker-Bridget clothing are modern, and of high class; thus betterness is seen in every garment in this clothing store.

Best workmanship, thoroughly tested pure-wool fabrics and fairest prices are the foundation of this clothing business. The spring showing is excellently ready. Handsome, well-constructed garments for men and boys. The price-possibilities that our vast buying gives are hinted at in the descriptive lists that follow:

Men's Suits.

AT \$12. Suits of all-wool Serges or Cheviots, in Black and Blue, also a score or more of fancy patterns in Cheviots, Cassimeres, &c. Mostly single breasted Suits with single or double breasted vests.

AT \$15. Sack Suits of Worsteds, Cassimeres, and Cheviots, in Checks, Plaids, Mixtures, and stripes; also Black and Blue Serges and Cheviots; and the new green and gray plain cheviots, which are the swell things of the season.

Other suits at \$18, \$20, \$25, and so forth.

Splendid Cutaway Coats and Suits of Black unfinished Worsteds, Viscose, Diagonal, and Cheviot cloths at \$12, \$15, \$18, and up.

Nobby Prince Alberts at \$10, \$20, \$25, &c.

Boys' Clothing

So much of novelty and prettiness is here for the boys who wear Knee Trousers. Never so great a variety before; never quite so handsomely made.

Of course, many of the garments are in styles exclusively our own.

Double-breasted suits

At \$5. The "Parker-Bridget" Special Suits, in Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres; also Blue and Black Cheviots, and Serges of sturdy quality. All seams are double sewed with silk thread; serviceable, dressy.

And there are all-wool suits at \$3.50 and better sorts at \$5 to \$10. All in sizes 7 to 16 years. Every other style that the season calls for will also here be found, and in every instance prices are exactly right.

Youth's Suits.

Handsome made Suits for the young men of 14 to 19 years.

AT \$8.50 AND \$10—Suits of All-wool Cassimeres and Cheviots, in neat Checks, Mixtures, and Plaids.

PARKER, BRIDGET & Co.,

Head-to-foot Outfitters, Pa. & 9th st.

THE NEW BLOOD TONIC.

The great spring medicine that makes old people feel young, gives new blood, new life, strengthens the limbs, brightens the intellect, quickens the step, sharpens the appetite, removes all aches and pains in the back, joints or limbs. The great and wonderful Blood and Skin Cleanser—Pleasant to take—small doses—but powerful and effective—Harmless—Only 50 cents—and \$1.—Prepared only by Harri Chem. Co., Washington, D. C.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR OUR HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES.

Any one with a business turn can earn two or three dollars a day by taking up the work laid out by the American Savings Industrial Company, Room 3, 629 F st., N. W. Explanation free. Call from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Only those willing to work need apply.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

CLINTON COTTAGE,
1820 Atlantic Ave.,
Atlantic City, N. J.

Under the management of Mr. E. Murray, the experienced caterer of Washington, D. C., is now open for the season 1900.

The Cottage has been a greatly improved and refitted with new carpets and additional furniture. All first class help have been engaged for this season and the very best service will be afforded all guest who patronize the Clinton.

Clinton Cottage is splendidly located only two blocks from the ocean front. The dining room has been newly fitted up and will be run separate from the cafe.

The cafe will be run on the European Plan. Board by the week, day, or by meals, also ice cream and confectionaries for sale. For terms, please address

Mr. E. Murray, Proprietor,
600 3rd st. s. w.,
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Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

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CHARLES KRAEMER,

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735 seventh street northwest

They banish pain
and prolong life.

ONE
GIVES
RELIEF.



RIPAN'S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you
good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style packet containing the RIPAN'S TABLETS in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some four stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low price is intended for the poor and the honest. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (the bottles) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPAN'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—by a single carton (one Ripan's) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

Dealer in Choice
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CIGARS and TOBACCO.
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509 NINTH STREET N. W.
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PORTER AND ALE ON DRAT

Ice Cold Maerzen Beer,

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** Liquors and Cigars.

208 Seventh Street Southwest,
Washington, D. C.

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Dealer In

Rye Whiskies, Wines, Gins,
Brandies and Rum.

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Experiments in Cartridges So Far Un-
satisfactory.

Ever since it was demonstrated that liquid air could be readily produced on a commercial scale it has been hoped and expected that one of the principal uses to which it would be applied would be that of an explosive material for blasting purposes particularly in mines, where the new explosive would have the important advantages of safety in handling and of not vitiating the air, like gunpowder or dynamite, by the gases of ignition.

Some months ago a report announced that liquid air had been formally adopted for blasting purposes in the government coal mines in Germany, says Consul General Mason, of Berlin, in a report to the State Department but inquiry proved that this announcement was at least premature.

Among the most systematic and interesting practical experiments this far made in this direction has been the series of tests lately undertaken by the Vienna Crystal Palace Ice Company in the presence of experts from the Austrian technical committee for the War Department. The liquid air used in these tests was obtained from the Linde Company at Munich, and shipped to Vienna in open flasks, provided with the Dewar vacuum jacket and packed with felt and cotton wrappings in wooden cases, with a loose cap of felt over the open mouth of each flask.

When put up at the laboratory for shipment the liquid contained 75 per cent. oxygen and 25 per cent. nitrogen; but before it had reached Vienna and was used in the experiments it had lost about half its bulk by evaporation, and what remained contained 85 per cent. oxygen to 15 per cent. nitrogen. The absorbents used in preparing the cartridges were silicious marl (Kieselguhr) and "solar oil," and, according to the report, two methods of preparation were employed. By one process the marl and oil was mixed in a wooden vessel, and the liquid air gradually added until a stiff paste was formed, which was packed in paper cartridge shells covered with asbestos.

By the other plan, the mixture of marl and oil was put into the cartridge, which was enclosed in a lead case with a layer of felt between, and the liquid air then poured in until the paste was completely saturated. The cartridges prepared by both methods were safe and readily transportable, and their explosive power tested by firing at the bottom of deep holes bored in rock. The results showed that while liquid air is an efficient explosive, it is far less effective than dynamite, gun cotton, explosive gelatine, or giant powder.

The conclusions of the military experts were concisely as follows: Both methods of preparing the cartridges were pronounced wasteful, and in consequence of the rapid evaporation of the liquid air they must be used immediately after being prepared; beyond fifteen minutes the evaporation will so affect the cartridge that it is likely to miss fire and its strength cannot be even roughly guaranteed. On the other hand, the cartridges when freshly prepared are powerful and well adapted to coal and other mining. The net conclusion to be derived from these and preceding experiments in Europe is that, notwithstanding the obvious advantages of liquid air as an explosive for mining purposes, the rapid deterioration of the cartridges and their varying and uncertain strength are obstacles so serious that, until they can be overcome, its value and application to that use will remain experimental and comparatively limited.

FOUND USEFUL.

A Burglar Bombarded With Electric Light Bulbs.

"Of all the outlandish weapons ever employed in a fight," said a business man of the South Side, "I think I brought the most fantastic on record into play one night last week.

"My family are away on a visit at present, and I am keeping bachelor hall out at the house. On the night to which I refer I was aroused about 3 a. m. by a noise somewhere in the region of the dining-room, and, thinking I had shut up the dog there, I jumped up very foolishly and came down stairs in my night clothes, without so much as a pocket knife. When I opened the dining-room door I was startled to see a big, rough-looking man bending over the sideboard at the far end of the room, and after he had stood there on tangle for a moment the fellow made a rush at me. I leaped back into the hall and glared around for a weapon. On a table nearby were a dozen incandescent light bulbs, which I had brought home to replace some that had burned out, and purely by instinct I grabbed one of them and threw it at the burglar. It hit the door casing close to his head, and, to my amazement, exploded with a noise like a young lyddite shell. I suppose it was a still greater surprise to the other fellow, for he let out a yell and broke for the rear, followed by a rapid-fire bombardment of sixteen-candle-power incandescents, which I continued to throw at him as long as he remained in range. They smashed against the furniture with a series of clashes that alarmed the whole neighborhood, and I have been gathering up fragments of broken glass ever since.

"The burglar must have thought I was chasing him with hand grenades. It was the first time I ever knew that incandescents made such a row when they broke. An electrician tells me that it is caused by the air rushing into the vacuum."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

BE NOT DECEIVED!!



TO THE COLORED PEOPLE

RECOGNIZING the fact that there are many so called hair growers and straighteners now being offered on the market, and knowing to a certainty that most of these are frauds pure and simple, we wish to make a straight forward statement to the colored people of America through its best paper, the Planet.

In the year 1871, our present Secretary through a fortunate circumstance acquired the receipt for OZONO. It was not offered for sale or pushed to any extent until 1875, when it was put upon the market and met with marked success. After a thorough test by the leading colored people of that time, it was pronounced an honest, legitimate remedy. True to all we claimed for it and worthy in every respect of the confidence and attention of every member of the colored race. Because they found it to cause a hair to GROW LONG AND STRAIGHT, soft and fine and as beautiful as an April morning. It also cures all forms of itching, humiliating scalp diseases, stops the hair from falling out, and causes a new growth to grow on the balding head. Now, whenever a genuine article appears on the market, there are always a lot of people who imitate and make capital out of the merits of other people's goods. Seeing our marked success numerous so called hair growers and hair straighteners were put on the market. Of course the colored people had no way to tell that they were being fooled and bought most of them to their sorrow.

Now we ask you a plain question. Would we absolutely agree to refund you your money provided you are not satisfied with the preparations we manufacture if our goods were not true to all we claim for them? We assert right here that we have advertised for nearly 24 years, offering to return the money for every case in which Ozone did not give satisfaction and we have never yet had to refund the money. Ozone will positively take the Kinks out of Knotty, Kinky, Curly, Refractory Hair. It will make short, harsh hair long and straight. It will cure your head of all itching, worrying, running scalp diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Itch, &c.



It will stop your hair from falling out. It will restore gray hair to its natural color, making the hair Long and Soft, Fine and Silky and as beautiful as an April morning.

and not one example not space to publish Church writes:—Ir-
porticular.

Kate W. Page, Blacksburg, Va., writes—Your preparation has proven true to all you claim for it.

The price of Ozone is 50c a box. It takes from 3 to 4 to accomplish the treatment. We make this special offer for a limited time only. Cut out this Coupon and send to us with \$1.00, and we will forward you 4 boxes of Ozone and one bottle Electrical Skin Refiner which makes skin soft and pliant and cures all skin diseases. We will also include one fancy jar of our Electrical Skin Food—nature's great beautifier, removes Wrinkles, Moth patches, freckles and all age of Anti-Odor. A positive cure for Sore throat, all forms of Womb Diseases, Chills, Sore and Frosted Feet, also removes all smells and Odors arising from the human body such as Feet, Arm pits, &c.

Remember we will refund the money if you are not pleased the goods and positively this offer is not good but for a short time only. Cut out and mail this Coupon to us with one Dollar and get this grand combination Offer; as this opportunity will not occur again.

Boston Chemical Company,
411 23d Street - RICHMOND, VA.

I enclose you \$1.00 (One Dollar) for which please send me the following goods at once:

(four) LARGE BOXES "OZONO" HAIR GROWER AND HAIR STRAIGHTENER.
(one) LARGE BOTTLE ELECTRICAL SKIN REFINER,
(one) LARGE JAR ELECTRICAL SKIN FOOD,
(one) LARGE PACKAGE ANTI ODOR.

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\$2.50 for 25 cents,
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\$10.00 for \$1.00, and
\$50.00 for \$5.00.

comprises no risk, chance, gift or money, a simple industrious plan. You do well to investigate the merits of this company. It is a novel way of honest industry.

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For rheumatism, liver complaint, blood, boils, pimples, old sore, ring worm, tetters, chronic and syphilitic rheumatism, and all humors and scrofulous diseases caused by impurities of the blood, take the New Blood Tonic. This medicine is carefully compounded and contains the most valuable blood purifiers known to medical science. Its use will convince you that it has no equal. Guaranteed pure and fresh. Price, 50 cents small, \$1.00 large. Mail orders promptly attended to. Delivered in city for the above price. Prepared only by Harris Chemical Company, 3rd and F Street N. W., Washington, D. C.



I shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and urgently requested may be sent to read this column and any questions that they wish answered please send them in before Saturday of each week.

By Miss May Clematis.

Laura:—When a person does you a kind act unconsciously, the beauty can be readily seen.

A. B. No one is justified in accepting kindness when so much stress is put upon it; as impure motives can be plainly seen.

Edna:—When you are treating your friends kindly, is the time to watch them.

R. P. A person who has loved sincerely and has been disappointed has a tender heart and should be dealt with accordingly.

Spring:—When hats are piled up with every conceivable trimming and for the flowers, are everything but fashionable. What may be the latest style of dress or head gear does not make a person look well dressed. When one is becomingly attired he looks fashionable.

Rudy:—It is a very easy matter to marry; but living afterwards is what most couples fail to talk about. A girl should endeavor to show a man her true disposition and tell him just what she will expect of him in the future, as soon as they are engaged. The man should do the same. Then if they don't like each other ideas they will find it much easier to separate than to be divorced after marriage.

Clara:—A girl of twenty-nine summers ought to know enough to choose for herself; however, as long as a girl is single she comes under the jurisdiction of her mother. A man goes for himself at twenty-one.

Watch the person who claims that he can do so much. It is an unwise thing to blow your own horn.

It is considered in better taste to wait until a young man asks permission to call rather than to extend him an invitation.

F. G. 'Tis quite the proper thing for a young man to present the young lady with a bouquet, whom he may ask to go to a reception.

Eva:—Your chance is an exceptional one, nevertheless don't be in a hurry.

Josephine:—While it may be quite the proper thing for a lady to take a gentleman's arm, still I see no impropriety in a gentleman taking a lady's arm. I prefer the latter.

Inquirer:—I am not interested in school matters, however Supt. Cook is a gentleman and scholar and one who can stand the calcium light. If a change is made, it will not come for a long while.

X. X. Cupid dart has been very busy of late, he has thrown his arrow into three of our school marm's hearts of others on the out side. The month of April will find the stores busy, supplying "invites" to these happy occasions. If all rumors are true, the class of '90 will be as fortunate as class '89, as host of young and old are booked to go out next year.

Never trust a person when he is ever ready to take an oath to his own state ment. Some people need more to convince them than others.

H. S. A man of thirty-five should be married. Old bachelors and old maids are a misery to themselves, hence they make others unhappy.

D. A. You are a model person, but don't get "big headed," if so you may spoil the effect.

Lula:—"Rich" is a dear good fellow and I know you will be happy with him. I admire a Christian spirit in man or woman.

E. V. A man or woman should not accept the company of others, after their purposes have been made known to the family. A gentleman should ask for the lady or make his intentions known, at least six months before the desired time to wed. Long courtships are dangerous. Beware.

Francis:—Beware of the person who manifests so much interest in your welfare, except you have studied his character.

Fashion:—This is to be a "white season." White taffeta waists with colored skirts will be in the lead. A steel colored broadcloth, with the triple box plate in the back of skirt, slightly trained, a short jacket to match, accompanied by a white silk waist, with French back will be just the "chic" thing for spring.

The rustle that used to be heard before one heaved in sight, is a thing of the past. The best dresses are lined with silk or some soft material that does not rustle.

The rainy day dress can be seen when the sun is at its height, as well as when the clouds are low. These dresses are much worn by shoppers and for every day use among business women.

Nannie:—The birth stone for the month of May is the emerald.

Mamie:—When a travelling costume is worn, even if the marriage be a home affair, the bonnet and gloves should be put on before the ceremony.

Sadie:—Remember the old adage, "When thieves fall out, honest men get their dues."

Two Gigantic Suits.

The United States Supreme Court is about to decide two important cases. One is the famous "hat trimmings" case, which has been in the various courts more or less for the past seventeen years and in the settlement of which anywhere from \$5,000,000 to \$35,000,000 is involved. The tariff of 1883 placed a certain rate of duty on trimmings of silk intended for hats, bonnets and hoods for men, women and children. Large importations of silk material which could be used on hats were made and presented for entry as hat trimmings. It was held that they were intended for other purposes, and they were assessed at a higher rate as silk. Despite the tremendous protests that followed this decision the government collected millions of disputed dollars in the way of tariff duties on such articles. Suit was brought to recover the difference between the duty on hat trimmings and on straightout silk goods, and it is estimated that the amount thus affected ranges anywhere from \$5,000,000 to \$35,000,000. The decision hinges on the interpretation of the term "chief use" as applied to the silk material.

The other case is that of the United States versus Harris and others. The defendants are receivers for the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, who are charged with a violation of the statute requiring the stoppage of cattle trains in transit at certain periods in order that the cattle may be given rest, water and food. The receivers of this road neglected to observe this law in a certain case and were proceeded against in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania to recover the penalty imposed for its violation. The District Court decided against the government, holding that the receivers were not liable to the penalty and the Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the decision. The government has now applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari to have the case tried over, which the court has granted. The case is of considerable importance to the Agricultural Department in enforcing the act intended to protect cattle and to insure the killing of beef in good condition.

Bible Circulating.

The American Bible Society is to circulate the Good Book in the Philippines. Instead of depending on missionaries from the United States, a native Tagalog and a native Pangasinan are to be employed to go into the interior of the country. The scriptures are now in progress of translation into the curious dialects of the islanders. The Bible Society is pushing the work forward with all possible rapidity. The work already undertaken comprises the dialects of the Tagalos, Pangasinans and Visayans. Scholars are studying the other dialects. These translators will be the first to make a written language of many Filipino vernaculars.

Another plan of work in the Philippines which the society has in view is a scheme for distributing Bibles among the ships that come into Manila Harbor. This idea is suggested by the plan already in effective operation in Port Said Harbor.

All this work in the Philippines is under the control of the Secretaries of the American Bible Society, whose office is in New York. They have just received the first report of Rev. Jay C. Goodrich, who was sent from New York to undertake the distribution of Bibles and Testaments, and he is already at work.

They Raise Gulls.

The natives of Foula, one of the Shetland Islands, make a business of rearing skau gulls in order to rid the island of the eaglets that commit so many depredations. The magnificent red sandstone cliffs that skirt the northwestern coast become a favorite haunt of the eagles, and in this inaccessible spot they increase so rapidly that they become a terror to the farmers and fishermen who dwell on this isolated spot. The skau gull is also strong and fierce and the inveterate foe of the eagle. In battle the gulls are nearly always victorious, and so the inhabitants of Foula hit upon the novel plan of feeding and caring for skau gulls, which, though formidable to their feathered enemies, are very peaceable and docile when brought in contact with man.

An Attractive Figure.

In nine cases out of ten a defective looking figure is not so in reality, but is simply the result of continuously wearing badly fitting bodices and not giving sufficient attention to the cut of the underwear and the shape of the corsets. This season all bodices and coats are tight fitting, added to which skirts are still made to cling closely around the hips; therefore the undergarments must be made with as few seams or creases as possible as far as the hips, the remaining fullness is then arranged to the size of the waist by means of a drawing, and in order to still further reduce the waist measurement, shaped to the figure combinations made of fine quality natural wool or silk are generally adopted by the leaders of fashion in all grades of society.

It has been found that an apparatus for killing animals with chloroform in England would not work in India, because the high temperature prevented the concentration of the chloroform vapor. That this was the cause was proved by the fact that by placing ice in the box the animals were readily killed.

Beware of the man who never gets mad. He is quite as much to be disliked as the one who is not fond of children.

In all Spain there are only 3,330 children in the Sunday schools.

HE CAUGHT SENATOR PLATT.

A Reminiscence of the 1896 Campaign That is Interesting.

If Senator Thomas C. Platt has one peculiarity more pronounced than another it is his discretion. While no political leader in New York is more affable to reporters than Mr. Platt, none gives out less information than he has not carefully prepared. In the campaign of 1896 Mr. Platt was a central figure. Anything from him was worth space. It was before the St. Louis convention and he was supposed to carry in his pocket the 72 votes of the Empire State. It was about this time that a very young newspaper reporter seated himself among the veteran political reporters in the amen corner of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where Mr. Platt makes his city home.

Every one was expecting an important declaration, but none came. Mr. Platt appeared, as was his custom. He smiled in his usual confidential and somewhat mysterious way and said there was nothing to give out. There was no going behind these returns, apparently, but this young reporter had wisdom beyond his years. Probably that is the reason that he is one of the most successful editors in the country to-day. He followed Mr. Platt out to the street. As they mingled with the evening throng he linked his arm in his.

"Mr. Platt," said he, "you're the biggest politician in New York and I'm the youngest reporter. I've got to get a story from you or lose my job. Now, I don't care a cent what you talk about, but as a friend I would advise you to talk politics."

Platt, who is tall, slender and gray-bearded, with a style of humor that can only be characterized as grim, disengaged his arm from that of his young friend and looked at him. He was astonished for the first time in years.

"Well, I haven't got anything to say," he replied, "but if you are so dead set on a political story I'll talk to you. I suppose it doesn't make any difference whether I discuss national or local politics. You seem to insist upon politics." And he did discuss politics to the extent of a column and a half.—Phil. Saturday Post.

ENCIRCLED BY A "LIVE" WIRE.

Cleverness With Which the Victim Walked Out of the Loop.

"I witnessed a really astonishing exhibition of coolness and presence of mind this afternoon," said a New Orleans insurance man a few days ago. "Some workmen were removing an overhead wire on upper Prytanian street, when one end of it broke loose and dropped down to the pavement. It doubled into a sort of loop as it fell, and, by a singular chance, it completely encircled a young man who was passing, without, however, touching him anywhere."

Some people were standing in a nearby doorway, and immediately yelled "Live wire!" Nine men out of ten would have lost their heads completely under such circumstances, but this young man was as calm as a summer's morning. The wire was wriggling all around him like an immense snake, and threatened every moment to strike him on the legs, but he made no effort to jump. On the contrary, he stood perfectly still, puffing away at a cigar he had been smoking as he came along. Presently, when he saw an opportunity, he sauntered quietly out of the open end of the loop, as unconcerned, to all appearances, as a man walking out of a drawing room.

"I was on the opposite side of the street at the time the thing occurred, and I must confess it made my hair bristle on my head. I ran across and could not help remarking to the young man that I admired his pluck. He laughed. 'Oh, that's all on the surface,' he said. 'I'm dripping with sweat and am really scared half to death.' I would like to round off this story by saying that the wire was carrying enough current to kill an elephant, but the truth is that it was not connected at the time and was as harmless as a piece of clothes line. Still, that was something nobody knew for half an hour, and I insist that it has no bearing on the real merits of the case."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Stage Heroes Are Scarce.

"The making of actresses is easier than the making of actors," writes Franklin Fyles of "The Theatre and its People" in the December Ladies' Home Journal. "The young women are by nature more apt and pliable. Their faces are more mobile, their manners more graceful, their habits of speech and bearing more variable. When the round-up of talent comes and the graduates are turned out for the professional service there are half a dozen proficient actresses to every actor of equal ability. This is shown at the matinee trial performances, in which the female roles are generally well played, while the male ones are not. If promising actresses are more numerous, six to one, than actors, the same ratio operates in favor of young men in getting work. A good-looking fellow finds himself in no such glutted market as discourages his sister aspirant. If he is clever he will readily get an opening, even though he is ugly. The masculine roles are played predominantly largely. Of comely intelligent and tolerable facie actresses the supply is far in excess of the demand. Heroes are scarce. Heroines are plenty."

The Spider's Appetite.

Commenting on the amount which a spider actually consumed during 24 hours Sir J. Lubbock says: At a similar rate of consumption a man weighing 160 pounds will require a whole fat deer for breakfast, a steer and five sheep for dinner, and for supper two bullocks, eight sheep and four hogs, and just before retiring nearly four barrels of fresh fish."

An Excellent Prescription.

Dr. Young—My dear, your throat demands better protection from the daughters of the opera house.

Mrs. Young—Yes, darling. I ought to have a three-ropé pearl necklace for such occasions.—Jewelry's Weekly.

Original Sin.

"What is original sin?" "Inventing a new diversion for Lent that will pass as a charity."—Brooklyn Life.

LAND WITHOUT STRIKES.

A Law Which Has Been Remarkably Successful in New Zealand.

New Zealand has anticipated the rest of the world by enacting a law which deals so rationally with all trade disputes that it has actually prevented strikes for the last five years. It is impossible to present more than an outline of the plan.

Both associations of employers and the trade unions may be incorporated. Those which are chartered or registered, choose the members of their own board and also the members of the court to which disputes are referred. Whether organized or not, the associations and trade unions are subject to the law.

The colony of New Zealand is divided into industrial districts, for each of which there is a conciliation board elected for three years. It consists of two persons chosen by registered employers; two by registered trade unions, and one disinterested person elected by the four, who is chairman. When a dispute arises between employers and the men in their employ, either party may refer the matter in dispute to the district board, which has full authority to investigate the facts and to command a settlement.

In case either party will not accept the decision the matter is referred to the State court. This consists of one person representing the trade unions, one the employers, and a chairman, a Judge of the supreme court, appointed by the Governor. The court has a three years' term and is wisely independent of politics.

A decision by this court is final and must be accepted under a penalty for violation not exceeding £500, or \$2,500. Moreover, when a dispute has been referred to the conciliation board, and until it is finally settled, a strike or lockout is illegal.

That there have been about fifty cases referred to district boards or to the State court in the past five years, that during that time there has neither been a strike nor lockout in New Zealand, and that in every case the decision has been accepted by both parties, seems to prove either that the law is excellent, or that it is excellently administered. Perhaps it demonstrates both propositions. The necessity for the passage of a similar law in this country is so apparent to require argument. Aside from the interests of the employers and the employed, the greater interests of the general public demand it.—Youth's Companion.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

How the British Care for the Wounded Soldiers.

Modern artillery's effectiveness has put a very different complexion upon the uses and necessities of field hospitals. A field hospital used to be very near the fighting line—it was often actually under fire. But nowadays, when artillery fire is commonly effective at four thousand yards, no field hospital could be allowed sufficiently near the fighting line to permit of the wounded being taken directly to it, and the organization of aid has been altogether altered.

In South Africa it has been arranged that all the effective aid in the field will be that of the Army Medical Corps. Voluntary aid will confine itself to the lines of communication between the field and the base hospital, and between the base and general hospitals. The working organization is as follows:—

Accompanying the fighting line are the bearer companies of the Army Medical Corps—three or four men to each regular regimental company. When a man drops out wounded, the Army Medical Corps men pick him up and take him to the nearest dressing station, where he is attended to as quickly as possible. From the dressing station the wounded are taken to collecting stations, these being placed at points where more shelter is obtainable.

In the case of collecting stations, it is possible, of course, to select more effective shelter than at the dressing stations, where shelter is more a matter of improvisation. From the collecting stations the wounded are carried as quickly as possible to the field hospital. Here, generally speaking, they remain a day, and are then removed to the base hospital.

There will be twelve field hospitals in South Africa, four stationary or base hospitals and four general hospitals, each with its complete staff. The distribution of these hospitals will be determined by the officers commanding in South Africa, and must depend on the manner in which the military situation develops.

Tyrolean Courting.

When a young Tyrolean goes a-courting in earnest he carries with him a bottle of wine, of which he pours out a portion and presents it to the object of his affection.

If she accepts it the whole affair is settled. Very often the girl has not made up her mind, and then she will take refuge in excuses, so as not to drink the wine, and yet not refuse it point blank, for that is considered a gross insult, proving that she has been merely trifling with the affections of her lover. She will, for instance, maintain that the wine "looks sour," or that wine "disagrees with her." In fact she makes use of any subterfuge that presents itself at the moment.

Shy lovers, loth to make sure of their love beforehand, find it a very happy inspiration. Not a word need be spoken, and the girl is spared the painful "No" of civilization.

A Lost River.

One of the most remarkable freaks of nature occurs in Mexico. It is a river that is not a river. The bed of it lies in a valley between the Rio Grande and Pecos Rivers. It is not a dead or dried-up stream. It is simply lost. Numerous big tributaries flow into it from the neighboring mountains. Immediately, however, they reach the bed of the main stream they disappear from sight. Thus, for some reason or another a river, which should be 300 miles in length, has no existence which could be proved.

Advance of Aluminium.

Aluminium, which had no commercial existence a few years ago, was produced in the United States last year to the extent of 5,200,000 pounds, valued at \$1,750,000, which is one tenth of the cost of 10 years ago.



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A. W. GARDNER, Pres.

Found the ring.

An interesting story comes from Provo regarding the age of miracles. For those who are not superstitious it is doubly entertaining. During a recent visit of President George Q. Cannon to the Southern town he was entertained at the home of L. Holbrook, manager of the Grand Central Mine. Mr. Holbrook's fifteen-year-old daughter Aura told President Cannon that she had dreamed three times that she had found a diamond ring, and in the third dream a man giving his name as Vanders, and address Dallas, Texas, had told her he lost a ring while going through Provo 18 years ago, and that she could find it under a certain rock, giving minute details as to the location of the same. President Cannon listened to the story with interest, and at its conclusion told the girl she should follow up her dream. Aura got on her wheel and rode away. In less than two minutes she returned, holding a diamond ring in her hand. She claims to have found it in the place described by her dreamland visitant.

It is interesting to know that Miss Aura has a fondness for diamond rings and has answered a great many advertisements of them.—Salt Lake Herald.

Stole Watch to Get Squares.

"Great Scott! but that's a fine watch," came from the chorus. "Where did you get it?" "Stole it," answered its possessor calmly. "You don't believe me, do you?" he went on. "Well, I'll tell you how it happened. I was on a Western district which enjoyed the reputation of being the toughest one covered by the house. I had some time to kill and so went into one of the gambling joints. It isn't necessary to go into details as to what happened. As luck would have it, there were a half dozen others in the place beside myself, who might be considered as possible victims. When the time came the lights were put out suddenly and then we had 'rough house' for about ten minutes. In the middle of it I felt somebody grab my watch, and reached out after him. I caught some one and felt that he was just putting a watch in his trousers pocket. I gave him a hard wrench and got the timepiece. Then I broke away. When I got to the light I found the watch was this one. As I never heard from the owners, I have kept it to compensate for the loss of mine." After which the waiter hurried over in response to six different signals.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Turkey Five Feet High.

John McCormick, a farmer who resides across the river from here in Illinois, is the owner of a turkey gobler which towers in the air five feet and weighs 65 pounds. It looks more like an ostrich than a turkey. Its legs at the feet are an inch and a half in diameter, while close to the body they are the same size of an ordinary man's arm at the elbow. The bird's wings measure seven feet from tip to tip.—Clinton, Ia., Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean.



ATTENTION! LADIES!

HAIR RESTORER

All who are desirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer.

Oriental Complexion Cream cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.

1545 4th Street Northwest.

Agency at THE BEE Office.

Only one man.

in washington gives

12 cabinet "ze Phos

and a

Crayon Portrait for \$5.00

PRICE. ARTIST, PHOTOGRAPH

721 Seventh Street, N. W.

PISO'S CURE

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine.

If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

CONSUMPTION

Twenty-Five CENTS

Twenty-Five CENTS

HORN THE TAILOR.



The most successful man in the city is Horn, the tailor. He left for Philadelphia, Pa., yesterday to have shipped to this city his new spring imported goods. It is the biggest lot of new spring goods that have ever been shipped to this city by any importer. Do you need a

NEW SPRING SUIT?



that will fit you for a queen's taste? Don't fail to call place of business, 637 F street, northwest, on Monday and examine his new line of goods that you desire to see. Do you want

A NEW STYLE SUIT?



If you want to look nice, Horn has man who knows how to fit you. You have a thin or broken leg, Horn can make it look like a perfect one. Doo want

If you want a new spring suit made from imported goods, Horn the tailor, will make you a new suit. Give him a call at once. 637 F street, n.w.

TRY THE "NEW HOME" SEWING MACHINE.



WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of sewing machines and their prices before you purchase any other.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.
30 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND PHOSPHATES OF LIME, SODA, IRON.

For the Cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Debility, Wasting Diseases and Scrophulous Humors. Almost as palatable as cream. It can be taken with pleasure by delicate persons and children, who, after using it, are very fond of it. It assimilates with the food, increases the flesh and appetite, builds up the nervous system, restores energy to mind and body, creates new, rich and pure blood, in fact, rejuvenates the whole system.

NERVE, BLOOD, BRAIN.
This preparation is far superior to all other preparations of Cod-Liver Oil. It has many imitations, but no equals. The results following its use are its best recommendation. Be sure, as you value your health, and get the genuine. Manufactured and sold by Dr. ALEX. S. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, Mass. Solely all Druggists.

GASKIN & GAIRDS,

THE ACADEMY RESTAURANT

Just around the cor. Opposite Kann's 320 8th Street North West.

Wines, Liquors, Cigars

Imported and Domestic. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cafe Upstairs Washington, D.C.

BORN IN HIM.

Clerical Thrift Illustrated in a Clergyman's Copy.

Habits of thrift are generally commendable, but sometimes they give cause for amusement without the person practicing them being aware of it. This was the case recently with a well known clergyman, whose church is one of the most flourishing of its denomination in New York.

This clergyman receives a salary of \$6,000 a year, and has in addition a comfortable income of his own. He is a liberal giver to many charities, lives in a handsome brown stone house and apparently has less reason for economy than the average citizen, yet he has one habit—perhaps better, one idiosyncrasy—that might well be taken as an indication of poverty by those who do not know the clergyman. The inborn Scotch thrift the SHORT MIS Gal 4—Crocco . . .

minister makes use of the blank side of the letters he receives when they are written "on one side only." He was asked recently to prepare an article for a magazine. In due time the manuscript reached the editor, each page of it written on the back of an old letter, and it was only too evident that he paid no attention to whether or not the letters were of personal character. The letters furnished a rather curious commentary on the sort of letters a metropolitan clergyman receives. Among them were:

A notice from an insurance company that his policy had lapsed owing to the non-payment of \$156 premium.

A note from the general passenger agent of a railway refusing his request that a pass from New York to Chicago be given to a poor brother in the ministry.

An appeal from a poor widow for money to pay her rent and keep her from being dispossessed.

A letter from a broker, who was one of his congregation, advising him to invest in a certain stock, as it was certain to be "a good thing."

A criticism of one of his sermons from one of the pillars of the church.

A receipt showing that he had paid for the license of his dog.

THIS SETTLES IT.

The Question as To the New Century's Beginning.

The Sun has received so many evidences of confused minds regarding the beginning of the twentieth century that it will present a proof that a twentieth century begins after the year 1900 is ended, in the shape of a little conversation:

Question—What is a year?

Answer—Three hundred and sixty-five days.

What is a century?

One hundred years.

When did the year No. 1 end?

December 31 of the year 1.

When did the year No. 2 begin?

January 1, of the year 2.

When did the year 99 end?

December 31, A. D. 99.

Did that complete a century?

No.

When was the century completed?

At the close of the year following 99; or at the close of 1900.

When did the second century begin?

January 1 of the year 1 of the second century; that is, January 1, A. D. 101.

When did the nineteenth century end?

At the close of the nineteenth hundredth year, or at the close of 1900.

Q. When does the twentieth century begin?

A. It begins on day No. 1 of the year No. 1 of the twentieth hundred years—that is, on January 1, A. D. 1901.—N. Y. Sun.

He Stood by His Mistake.

When old Jacob Willoughby died Kensington lost one of its unique characters. Previous to the Centennial Exposition of 1876 Mr. Willoughby was seized with a fear that the millions of visitors who were expected in the city would deplete the food markets of Philadelphia, and that a famine would ensue. So firmly did he become convinced of the truth of his prediction that he immediately laid in an enormous stock of edibles, mostly canned goods. The cellar of his house was piled high with preserves, potted meats, canned vegetables and nearly every other article of non-perishable foods.

Of course, the anticipated famine did not materialize, and Mr. Willoughby was left with his stores on his hands. He might have disposed of them, but that would have meant admitting his mistake, and so he kept them. For twenty-three years, according to well authenticated reports, he has fed his family and his guests on the aftermath of his Centennial stock, and when company came there was great rejoicing in the family, for then the stuff went faster. At the time of the old gentleman's death there was still a portion of it left.—Phil. Record.

A Disappointment.

"I came mighty near tryin' to enlist in de Transvaal army," said Meandering Mike.

"You might have ter work," said Plodding Pete.

"Fur a minute I was willin' ter take chance. I was deceived by a typographical error. De paper said de Transvaal was chock full of Boers, an' I had ter read half a column before I got convinced dat it only meant Boers."—Washington Star.

Live on Straw.

Thousands of persons in Germany live literally "on straw" making it up into blankets, panniers, boxes, knick-knacks, hats, bonnets, &c. Professional schools have even been founded where the trade is taught in all its varieties.

Seemingly Incredible.

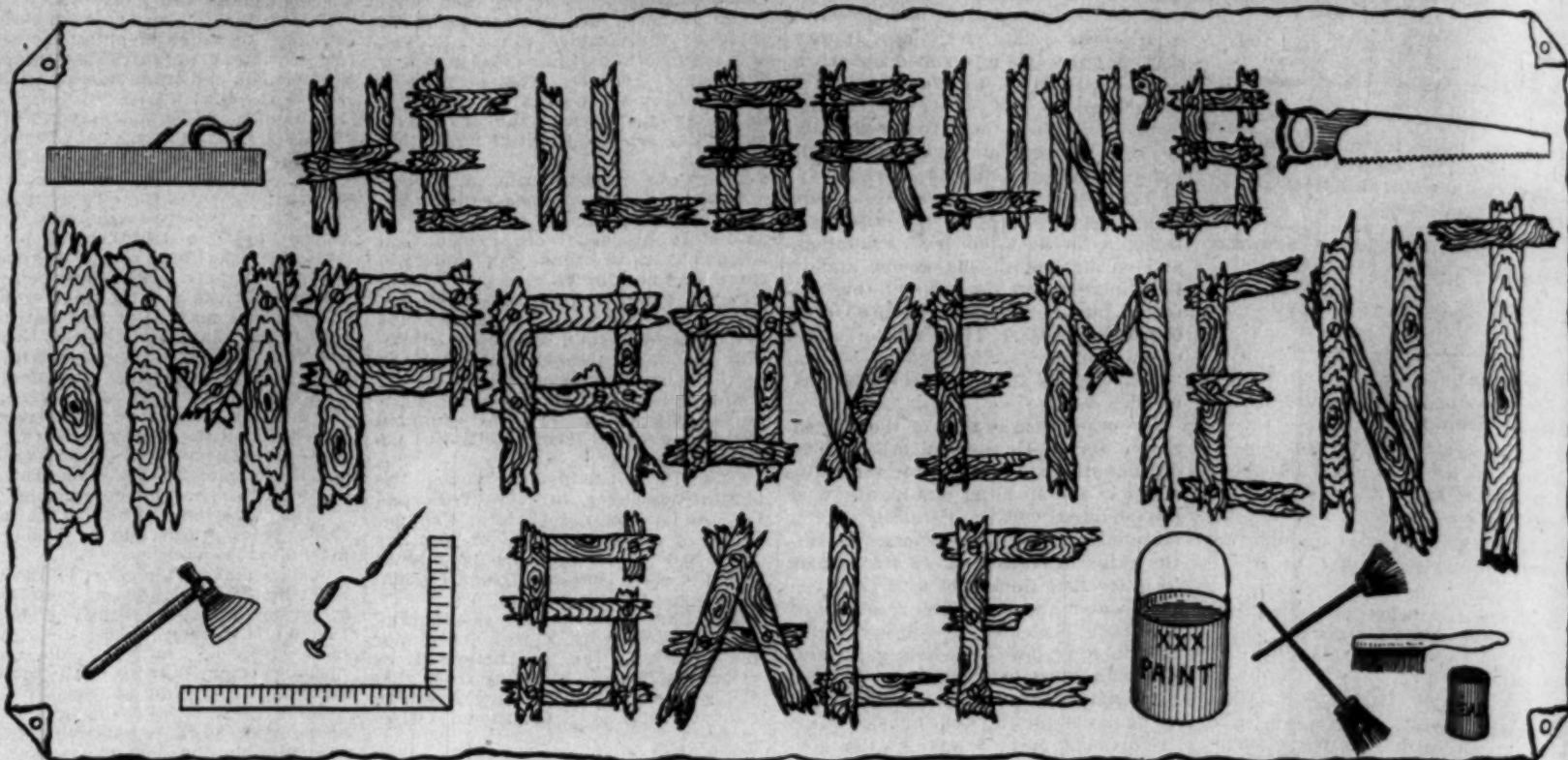
"What! A man with a nose the color of yours expects me to believe that he has lived on water for three months?" said the lady at the door. "Yes," said the tramp; "you see I'm a sailor just ashore."—Yonkers Statesman.

Distinctions.

"She's the best matchmaker in our town."

"Ah! Matrimonial or plain sulphur?"—Philadelphia North American.

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND



LINE FOOT WEAR, OF THEIR ENTIRE \$40,000 STOCK WITHOUT RESERVE.

BELOW A FEW ITEMS ARE QUOTED TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

Choice of our LADIES FINEST SHOES 2.19



This gives you extraordinary selection of the Very Finest kinds of Footwear and the assortment is so immense that a Feet and fancies can be suited exactly for the small price. \$2.19

Ladies' Easy comfortable house slippers, now 29c

Men's and Ladies' fancy house slippers, all kinds 79c

Boy's and Misses' fine shoes \$1.25 kinds, now 89c

Mens' and Ladies' Chic Style, Shoes worth 1.75, now \$1.19

2nd Choice of fine shoes for Gents and Ladies, values up to 3.00 a pair, going for \$1.69

SPECIAL: Mr. A. J. Johnson, formerly in our employ, is again with us as ever ready to serve his numerous friends with shoes that'll make their feet glad.



FOR MEN

Swagger Styles of all the latest conceits of Fine Shoes in Patent Leather, Tan, Russia Calf, Black Vica Kid and Box Calf.

In Button and Lace, Bull Dog, Pug and Vienna Toes, all sizes and widths.

Many worth regularly 5.00; some 4.00 and a few 3.50, all bunched now at \$2.19

HEILBRUN--7TH STREET 402

SIGN: The Old Women In the Shoe.

NEXT TO WOOLWORTH'S 10 cent store.

HOLMES' HOTEL

333 Virginia Avenue S. W.

European and American Plan.

The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the city.

Our Bar Attached. . .

The best wines, imported brandies, fine old whiskeys always on hand. Good Havana cigars.

Our rooms are large and airy in number, and well heated in winter. With or without board. Single rooms 50 cents and \$1.

James Ortway Holmes, Prop.

Established 1866.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE.

301 Penn. Ave. N.W.

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, pistols, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing apparel.

Gold and silver bought. Unredeemed pledges for sale.

NELSON'S STRAIGHTINE

KNOTTY, KINKY, CURLY HAIR STRAIGHT

THE LATEST DISCOVERY FOR MAKING

BEFORE AFTER

STRAIGHTINE is no experiment, but a thoroughly reliable preparation. It has been successfully used by thousands in all portions of the country. We have hundreds of letters speaking in the highest terms of its merit, and every mail brings us fresh testimonials. Straightine is a highly perfumed pomade; it not only straightens the hair, but removes dandruff, keeps the hair from falling out, cures itching, irritating scalp diseases, giving a rich, long and luxurious head of hair—so much to be desired. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Price, 25 Cents a can at all drug stores, or sent by mail to any address on receipt of 30 Cents in stamps or silver. Address, NELSON MFG CO., Richmond, Va. Big Money for Agents. Write for Terms.

ADVERTISERS

can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

New York, N.Y. Advertising Bureau

10 Spruce St. N.Y.C.

L. H. Harris,

DRUGGIST AND DEALER IN

Pure Drugs & Chemicals

Perfumery, Toilet and Fancy Articles, &c. PATENT MEDICINES. Physician's Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded Day and Night.

Cor. 3d and F Sts., S. W.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

H. K. FULTON

LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c. MONEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n.w., between Penn. ave. and D st, n.w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street, Northwest.

LEE'S TAKE-OUT KINK



The only article ever manufactured that actually takes the KINKS out of the hair. It will make the hair straight soft, pliable and beautiful. Nicely perfumed. Guaranteed pure and harmless. One bottle will convince the most doubtful that it will do all that we claim for it.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Lee's Medicinal Company.

S. HELLER, 20 7TH ST N.W.



Scientific American Agency for

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BARGAINS IN PIANOS

Upright and Square Piano.

On Easy Terms Charles Stieff.

Stieff Piano Warerooms,

251 Eleventh Street, Northwest